

GAELIC OLD SMUGGLER



A Brand Registered in every Market of the World.

Guaranteed a pure Scotch Whisky composed of the Finest Old Highland Malts and Grains of proved Age and Maturity.

Gaelic Old Smuggler is the Premier "Scotch" known and appreciated Everywhere.

SOLE AGENTS:

GANDE, PRICE & Co., Ltd.
No. 8, Queen's Road Central,
HONGKONG.

Tel. Central 135.

DAIRY FARM NEWS.

FISH JUST LANDED

Ex R.M.S. "EMPRESS OF ASIA."

CANADIAN SALMON
CANADIAN CHICKEN HALIBUT

80 cents Per lb.

THE DAIRY FARM, ICE & COLD STORAGE CO., LTD.

LOTOL

Kills

Fleas

Flies

Bugs

Mosquitos

Cockroaches

and Germs.

SPRAY FREELY.

Best CAMERAS
LENSES
BINOCULARS
ALL GOERZ

Well known throughout the World. Every one is guaranteed. Price—Moderate.

Obtainable at all Photographic Dealers

SHOW ROOM:
30-32, DES VŒUX ROAD C.

SOLE AGENT

HALL, LAW & CO.

TEL. 3217.



PRESCRIPTIONS

When the Doctor prescribes he expects the Druggist to fill the prescription with Pure Drugs. The quality of our Drugs, Medicines and Toilet Goods is not surpassed. Have the Doctor's Prescription filled here and the result will be satisfactory.

THE PHARMACY.

THE HAD BUILDING (OPPOSITE LEE HOUSE)

AHEAD OF THE MAIL.

[FROM INDIAN PAPERS.]
BRITISH UNEMPLOYED.

LONDON, February 8th.
A six point charter has been issued by the General Council of the Trade Union Congress on behalf of the unemployed.

Firstly, effective Government maintenance of all unemployed, dissociated from the Poor Law administration.

Secondly, the immediate development of Government schemes for employment at Trade Union rates of wages.

Thirdly, the establishment of State workshops.

Fourthly, a reduction of the hours of labour to absorb the unemployed.

Fifthly, occupational training in centres, particularly for the boys and girls of ex-service men.

Sixthly, suitable housing accommodation at reasonable rents.

DEVELOPMENT OF COTTON GROWING.

LONDON, February 7th.
The Empire Cotton-Growing Corporation announce the appointment of Messrs. S. Milligan and F. R. Purcell who were hitherto holding Government posts in India as cotton growing experts.

In South Africa the Empire Cotton Growing Corporation understand that Government have endorsed a scheme, approved by its predecessor, under which Parliament will be asked to sanction a loan of three and a half millions free of interest for five years to Kenya and Uganda for railway extensions which will facilitate and develop cotton growing, also a loan of £50,000 to Tanganyika for a similar purpose.

QUEEN MARY AND LABOUR M.P.'S WIVES.

LONDON, February 7th.
Queen Mary contemplates giving several afternoon parties at Buckingham Palace in order to meet some of the women members of the Labour Party. The wives of certain members of the Cabinet recently requested the Queen to excuse their attendance at evening Courts on the ground of expenditure.

The customary party receptions were held on the eve of the reassembling of Parliament. Over 500 attended the reception given by Mrs. Noel Buxton at the Hyde Park Hotel last night to meet Mr. MacDonald and other Ministers. Miss Isabel MacDonald assisting to receive the guests, who, contrary to convention, were free to wear morning or evening dress. The men almost all responded to the suggestion to wear morning dress and the women were mostly evening or semi-evening gowns.

"MOST DANGEROUS WOMAN IN EUROPE."

LONDON, February 7th.
Madame Sorel, the famous Continental Syndicalist, was found dead to-day in a Boomsbury hotel. She had had a stormy career and boasted she had led 50 strikes in different parts of the world. The Italian Public Prosecutor once described her as the most dangerous woman in Europe. She had been imprisoned in various places on the Continent for inciting troubles.

NEW FORM OF SWINDLING.

LONDON, February 7th.
A new form of swindling was disclosed to-day in a West London Police Court when a man described as a commercial traveller was convicted of defrauding Christian Science practitioners and told them that a cousin of his in New Zealand was cured of tuberculosis by Christian Science treatment and represented that his niece wished to be treated. After gaining their confidence he told a tale of being robbed and asked for loans which were generally given. The Magistrate, in sentencing the accused to a year's hard labour, said: "These Christian Science people are apparently as credulous as they seemed to consider the public to be."

COTTON-GROWING CORPORATION.

LONDON, February 10th.
The Senate of Cambridge University has accepted an offer of the Empire Cotton-growing Corporation to grant the University £1,000 annually for five years to be devoted to the plant genetic department of the School of Agriculture.

LABOUR'S LEGISLATION.

LONDON, February 11th.
The Children and Young Persons' Bill, which will be introduced into the House of Commons on the 18th instant and which is backed by Mr. Clynnes, Miss Bondfield, Col. Wedgwood and other Labourites, is the Labour Government's first direct experiment in legislation. It is likely to provoke much controversy. It consolidates and extends the various children's acts of the last fifteen years; prohibits marriage under sixteen; prohibits sending anyone under sixteen abroad; and a mother charged with concealment of birth may be dealt with summarily in a police court instead of being committed for trial. Penalties for offences against young girls are increased, and a woman (which is defined as anyone over sixteen years) is liable to six months' hard labour for seducing a boy (which is defined as anyone under sixteen years). Thus if a girl and boy are found committing impropriety the girl is liable to six months' hard labour instead of being fined ten shillings as hitherto. Police park keepers are authorised to seize cigarettes and cigarette papers in the possession of anyone apparently under sixteen years. It is punishable to give liquor to children under ten years of age except under medical direction; thus a father who gives a boy of ten a drinking mug of beer, as many workers do, is liable to a fine of 25; if child is proved to be under the influence of drink the donor of the drink is liable to hard labour.

GENERAL BOOTH.

LONDON, February 7th.
General Booth, accompanied by Commissioner Mapp, travelling international secretary, Adjutant Wycliffe Booth, and Brigadier J. E. Smith, private secretary, left Victoria Station this morning on a tour of Ceylon, Australia and New Zealand. They were given an enthusiastic farewell by many Salvationists. General Booth said he intended to try to interest the Australasian Governments more intimately in the possibilities of transfer of the right kind of people.

WIDESPREAD INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC.

LONDON, February 7th.
An influenza epidemic is widespread and is increasing particularly in London. Nearly a thousand deaths have been reported in the past three weeks, including 243 in London.

THE STADIUM ACCIDENT.

LONDON, February 7th.
In view of the contempt on the occasion of the Cup final at Wembley last year the Board of the British Empire Exhibition announces that the arrangements for the Cup final at Wembley on April 26th provide for admission by ticket only. The whole stadium is divided into 87 enclosures each with its own entrance. The number of tickets to be issued for each enclosure will represent the accommodation available therein, so every spectator will see much and be comfortable.

EXTENSIVE CAMPAIGN BY SCOTLAND YARD.

LONDON, February 11th.
Scotland Yard is waging an intensive campaign against "swell mobsters," confidence tricksters and card-sharps who are already beginning to arrive in London for the British Empire Exhibition. Lists of names, photographs and descriptions of these people have been circulated to the police of the Metropolis and immigration officers at ports who have been supplied with details concerning Continental and American crooks. The campaign also includes the closing of undesirable night clubs.

BARDINET LIQUEURS.



"Nothing Like It."

OBTAINABLE EVERYWHERE.

SOLE AGENTS:

H. RUTTONJEE & SON.
(463)

-WORLD-

THEATRE

Des Vœux Road Central.

5 p.m. Sharp and 9.15 p.m.

6th, 7th and 8th
MARCH.

Thursday,
Friday and Saturday.

"THOUSANDS & ONE NIGHTS"

11 REELS

From The Famous "Arabian Nights" Entertainment

featuring

NATHALIE KOVENKO

and An Extra Selected Cast.

Admission:—

9.15 p.m.—\$1.50 & \$1.00. 5.15 p.m.—\$1.00 & 70 cts.

BOOKING AT THE THEATRE

Hotels JAPAN AND MANCHURIA

Members of Japan Hotel Association
c/o TRAVEL BUREAU, DEPT. OF RAILWAYS, TOKYO.

Average Rates for Single Rooms (without Bath) including meals
Y. 10—13 in cities and some popular resorts.
Y. 8—10 in country districts.

IN JAPAN PROPER

Chosenji (Sikko) —	Kyoto —	Nagoya —	Shirakawa —
Lake Hotel	Kyoto Hotel	Nagoya Hotel	Daitokwan Hotel
Kamakura —	Myoko Hotel	Nara —	Tokyo —
Kashida Hotel	Matsumoto —	Nara Hotel	Imperial Hotel
Kanazawa —	Park Hotel	Nikko —	Omori Hotel
Mikasa Hotel	Miyajima —	Kanaya Hotel	Tokyo Station Hotel
Mampai Hotel	Miyajima Hotel	Osaka —	Tsukiji-Seiyokan Hotel
Kobe —	Miyajima Hotel	Osaka Hotel	Yokohama —
Oriental Hotel	Fujiya Hotel	Shimonoseki —	Grand Hotel
Tor Hotel	Nagasaki —	San-ye Hotel	

IN TAIWAN (FORMOSA)

Taihoku — Taiwan Railway Hotel

IN OHIOSEN

Fusan —
Fusan Station Hotel
Keijo (Seoul) —
Chosen Hotel
Shingishu —
Shingishu Station Hotel

IN MANCHURIA

Changchun —
Yamato Hotel
Dairen —
Yamato Hotel
Hoehigars —
Yamato Hotel

IN MANCHURIA

Hoten (Mukden) —
Yamato Hotel
Ryogen (Port Arthur) —
Yamato Hotel

PIANOS FOR SALE OR HIRE.

TSANG FOOK PIANO CO.

TEL. 2127.

54A, WANCHAI ROAD.

HOW TO GET GOOD SERVICE FROM MICHELIN TYRES.

Keep tyres pumped up to correct pressure for the load they have to carry. We can tell you what this should be.

When tyres are under inflated there is continual internal friction between the foundation cord and the rubber, causing overheating of the tyre and consequent rapid deterioration.

Water can also enter causing rust, resulting eventually in the rims having sharp edges which cut the walls of the tyre near the bead.

Most cars in Hongkong run on under inflated tyres with the above disastrous results.

Have your wheels examined front and rear for trueness and tracking alignment. If they are at fault in this respect the tread of the cover is subject to a grinding action which quickly destroys the cover.

Keep tyres free from oil and grease.

Start and stop gently and take corners slowly.

Lastly buy **MICHELIN** tyres from us and follow the above advice and tyre satisfaction is assured.

Europe-Asia
Trading Co.

Telephone 3438

China Building, 1st Floor.

THE UNITED ASBESTOS ORIENTAL AGENCY, LTD.

SOLE AGENTS FOR

"PUDLO"

Makes Cement Waterproof

"FEUSOL"

The Immovable Fire Cement

Tel. Central 236.

2, Queen's Building.

RADIO.

"TUNE IN" with a RAY-O-VAC "B" Battery using at the same time a RAY-O-VAC "A" Dry Cell Battery for your Filaments. See how clearly the signals will come in.

The National Radio Engineering Company of Atlanta, Georgia, covering an investigation made by them in the interest of Railway Electrical Engineers, report that—

"The Battery is the most important part of the radio apparatus, and many causes of trouble in instruments are often caused by poor batteries. . . . We have found only one make of Battery that is so constructed that satisfactory service can be obtained on heavy duty such as work of the class we are undertaking." The "RAY-O-VAC" Batteries have stood all the tests and have proven their construction and material by actual use. . . . They have proved ABSOLUTELY SATISFACTORY IN EVERY WAY."

These Batteries are now obtainable from—

DE SOUSA & CO. LTD.

2ND FLOOR, ST. GEORGE'S BUILDING.

TEL. NO.—CENTRAL 1244.

In our New Premises

OLD POST OFFICE SITE

Peddar Street.

SWATOW TRADING CO.

MANUFACTURERS

Of Hand-made Chinese Linen Drawn-Work and Embroideries, Dealers in all kinds of Silk Goods of the Best Quality, Cluny, Fillet, Venetian Point, Honiton Point, Renaissance Point, Irish Crochet Laces and Collarettes, Waists and Dresses from the Latest French Patterns, Mandarin Costumes of Various Designs, and Pewter-Ware.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Inspection Cordially Invited. Telephone 3303.

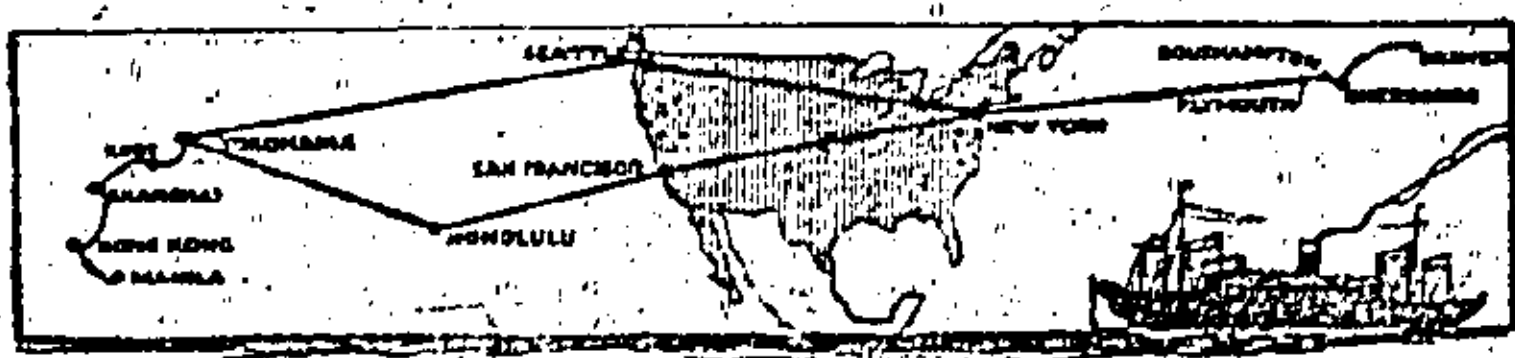
A Galaxy of Bargains.

BICYCLES

Telephone K711. LADIES', GENTLEMEN'S, OR TANDEM FOR HIRE OR SALE. Telephone K711.

Boys' and Girls' Bicycles Just Arrived.

HANG LEE CYCLE CO.,

30, HARRISON ROAD, KOWLOON.
Next to PALACE HOTEL.

The Convenient Route to Europe

SAIL from Yokohama, Kobe, Shanghai, Hong Kong or Manila to Seattle or San Francisco—cross America by rail and sail from New York to Plymouth, Cherbourg, Southampton or Bremen via the United States Lines.

Investigate this new fast route to Europe today—special through rates. Through reservations.

UNITED STATES LINES

Agents

ADMIRAL ORIENTAL LINE

4, Des Vaux Road, Hongkong.

PACIFIC MAIL STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

Queen's Building, 1, Elgin Street.

Managing Operators for U. S. SHIPPING BOARD

BRITISH GOVERNMENT'S HOUSING POLICY.

SPEECH BY MINISTER OF HEALTH.

Mr. Wheatley, Minister of Health, discussed the housing problem in a speech which he delivered to his constituents at Shettleston, Glasgow, on January 27th. He had an enthusiastic welcome from an audience of 1,500 persons.

Mr. Wheatley said he had been called into the Government to assist to solve the housing problem. Housing conditions were a standing disgrace to every Government that had been in power during the last 50 years. It was no exaggeration to say that as useful, as noble, as clean a people as lived in the West End of London were being compelled to stew to-day in single apartments in Glasgow and Lanarkshire. It was also true that thousands of infants were born every year into what were ready death-traps, and that millions of our people grew up crippled, morally, mentally, and physically, because of their struggle against those conditions in their infant years. They had inherited all these things, not from a Labour Government, but from an order of society which, in order to secure profits, rents, and interest for a few, had made a levy on the happiness, health, and lives of the people.

Labour was in office and was going into power, not to demonstrate that Labour men who had worked in the mines, factories, or mills were as capable as the men who had been produced at Oxford and Cambridge—nothing of the kind—they were not up against the failure of men. The men who had been ejected from office were a very capable set of men, but they failed because the principles they applied to the problems of to-day were not suitable to the work that those principles had to execute. If he was to solve the housing problem—and, big as the job was, he was not afraid of it—they necessarily he must adopt methods that had not been adopted by any people, equally clever, who had tried to solve it and had failed. He was not in a position to say what the Government's policy was. Indeed, it would be untrue to say, and unreasonable to expect, that the Government had made up its mind on the methods by which it would tackle this or any other problem. But he could promise them that the Government would not be long in office before they knew what their policy was on housing and everything else. (Cheers.)

USE OF THE COUNTRY'S CREDIT.

Although they had no policy framed, there were undoubtedly difficulties in the way, and these difficulties they had to face. There were difficulties of finance, difficulties of finding labour, and difficulties of finding materials; but to him there seemed to be no insurmountable difficulty, given the good will and determination of the British people. (Cheers.) They had had during the last three years a million and a half people unemployed. There were in Glasgow alone 30,000 boys who had left school and been unable to find employment. They were paying men for standing idle at the employment exchange, and they were burdening the rate-payers with the maintenance of able-bodied people through parish relief. Surely it was not beyond the wit of modern politicians to find a method by which the credit of the country should be used in bringing these idle men into touch with the building materials which would enable them to lay down within a very few years a standard of housing conditions essential to a healthier and purer state of life. The problem was how to do that in face of an army of people who were out to exploit the necessities of the nation for their own private profit. If it was good, sound national policy to talk about giving credit to Germans and Russians in order to find work for our people, then surely a way might present itself when the position was explored to apply the principles of the Trade Facilities Act to the working class of this country, and thus enable them to produce those necessities of life for which they clamoured. (Cheers.) They were told the workers would stand in the way, that they had not sufficient labour to produce the houses that were necessary to meet Labour ideals. Their demands for housing would vastly exceed the demands put forward by the men who had been ousted.

"HOUSES IN MILLIONS."

The people, if they were in earnest about the housing problem, had to begin to think of houses in millions. It would be physically impossible within a brief period to produce the necessary houses, but he would seek to turn the tendency from the downward to the upward path. They were told that the workers in the building industry were so utterly selfish that, although their numbers were not sufficient for his purpose, they would stand in the way and prevent houses being erected. What justification was there for that slander on the working class? Whenever it was necessary for the working class to make sacrifices such as they might be requested to make here, the ruling class of this country had taken advantage of their honesty and created deep suspicion. The dilute of engineering was used to bring down the standard of living of the engineers. While Dr. Addison was attempting against fearful odds to erect houses an appeal was made to the bricklayers and plasterers and others to allow unskilled labour to do work ordinarily done by skilled labour. The operatives resisted the suggestion, and history had shown that they acted wisely, because soon afterwards Dr. Addison's scheme was thrown over, and thousands of skilled building operatives were thrown idle.

Mr. MacDonald had said that if the trusts came between the people and houses the Government would break the trusts. Mr. MacDonald's promise was good enough for him. (Cheers.) He was going to lay down the general principle that no section of the people should have the power to enrich themselves out of the scarcity and poverty of the community. He had no doubt that the

(Continued on next column)

WEATHER REPORT.

March 5th at 12.37—Pressure has decreased slightly at Chefoo and over Japan. It has increased slightly over Borneo and the southern Visayas and is nearly stationary elsewhere.

There appears to be a V-shaped depression to the west of Luzon.

Hongkong rainfall for the 24 hours ending at 18 hours, 5th March, 0.00 inch. Total since January 1st, 0.59 inches, against an average of 3.45 inches.

The forecast for the 24 hours ending at 18 hours, 6th is as follows:—

DISTRICT FORECAST
Hongkong to Gap Rock N. or variable winds, moderate to light; fine to cloudy, fog in morning.

Fornosa Channel do.

South coast of China between Hongkong and Lamock do.

South coast of China between Hongkong and Hainan do.

C. E. WARREN CO., LTD.
SANITARY ENGINEERS.
MONUMENTALISTS, &c.

OFFICES & 98A, Wanchai Road, GODOWNS.

TEL. NO. 269. HONGKONG.

ALL KINDS OF BUILDERS' REQUISITES IN STOCK.

Soil, Vent and Rain Water Pipes. Floor and Wall Tiles. Baths, Basins, Bath Fittings. Waterheaters for Gas, Oil or Coal Fuel. Also A Few Chip Heaters.

OPEN AND CLOSED GRATES. COOKING RANGES.

ESTIMATES FREE FOR ALL SANITARY INSTALLATIONS, HOT WATER SYSTEMS, &c.

GENERAL REPAIRS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Specialists in Monumental Work—Cut in Italian Marble or Hongkong Granite.

JUST RECEIVED: A SHIPMENT OF ITALIAN MARBLE FLOOR TILES. Prices on Application.

ARTIFICIAL WEATHERS—FROM 8' to 18" DIAMETER IN STOCK. [1458]

ALLIES.

All Discriminating Smokers and the

HONGKONG CIGAR STORE LTD. [83]

When in doubt about your eyes or your glasses Consult

CHINESE OPTICAL CO.

Eye-sight Specialists

67, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL

Hongkong.

Labour Government would be able to present to the people a plan by which they would be protected from exploitation of that kind. While he was responsible for the housing of this country the trusts would not rob the people. He was confident that if the British people were prepared to support him in a reasonable scheme for the solution of the housing problem, then he would put that problem on the way to solution, given a reasonable period in office. (Cheers.)



"JUST AS PRETTY AS WHEN TWAS NEW!"

IF YOUR GOWNS OR FROCKS CANNOT BE WASHED, WHY NOT HAVE THEM DRY-CLEANED.

AY WE SERVE YOU?

STEAM LAUNDRY CO.

HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS: YAU MATI, Tel. K 32.
HONGKONG DEPOT: 14, Stanley Street, Tel. C 1572.

84, Praya East.

KOWLOON DEPOT: 19, Canton Road.

CANTON: 19, Shakti Central, East.

KOWLOON HOTEL DEPOT.

Write or Phone for PRICE-LIST.

MATSUMURA.

5, Arsenal Street, Hongkong.

DEALER IN

GENUINE

ART CURIOS

Ancient and Modern

Successor to Nikko

Artistic Gold, Silver, Bronze, Damascene, & Lacquer Wares, Netsuna Porcelain, China Tea Services, Embroideries, Silk Lampshades, etc.

GREAT REDUCTION SALE

ALL KINDS OF LADIES' FANCY GOODS

including Swatow Drawn Work, Canton Embroidery, Hand-made Lace, Ivory-ware, Beaded Works, etc., etc.

DON'T MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY.

CHINA DRAWN WORK CO.

(YUEN CHEONG)

40, Queen's Road Central.

To think of

SEA-GRASS and RATTAN FURNITURE

that will give you the Utmost SATISFACTION in every point of EXCELLENCE is

to think of

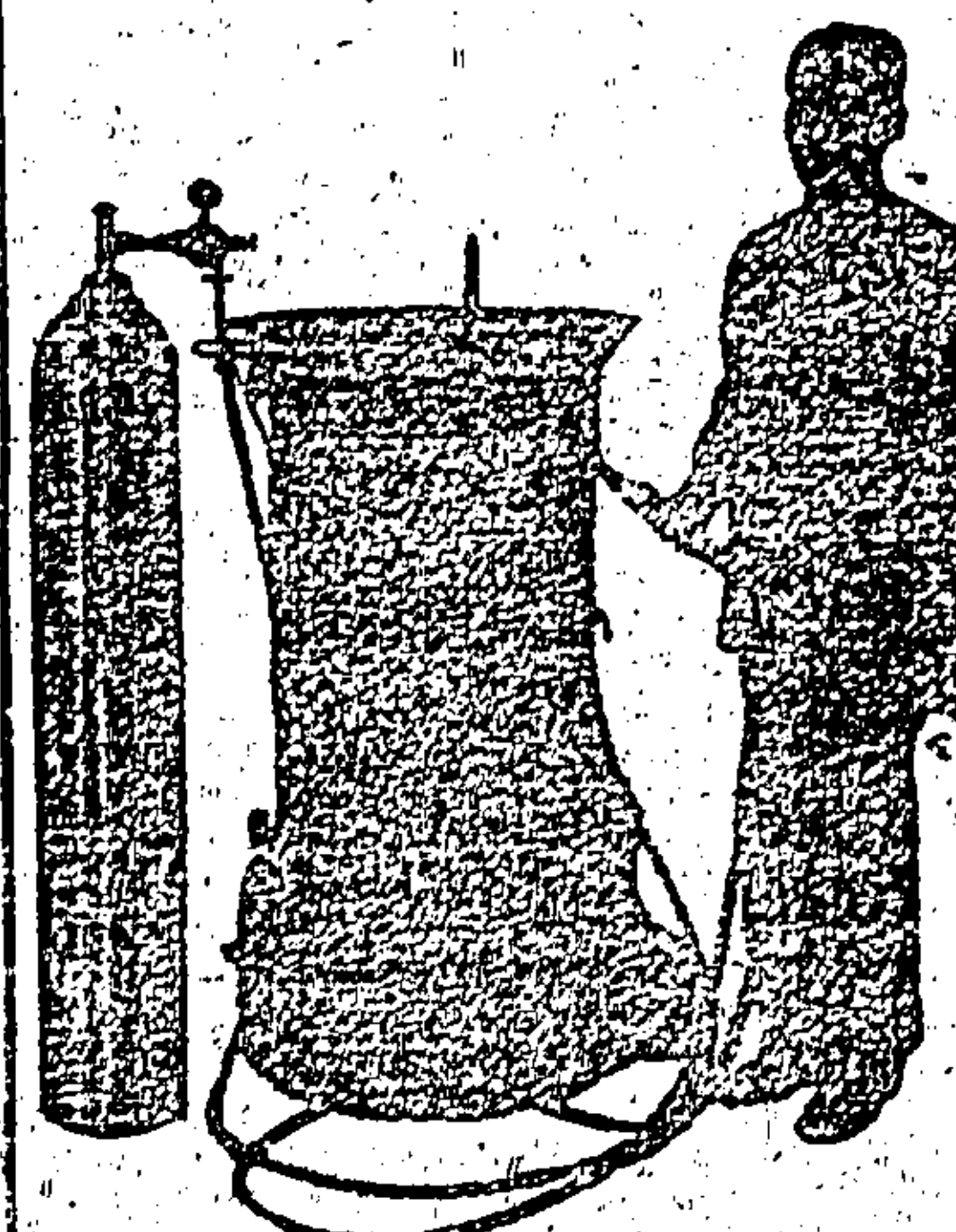
"DO BE CHAIRFUL" COMPANY

51, Queen's Road Central.

Makers of Furniture, the QUALITY of which has long been accepted by knowing Furniture-buyers as the STANDARD OF MERIT.

S. O. A. E. O.

THE FAR EAST OXYGEN AND ACETYLENE CO., LTD.



DEALERS and MANUFACTURERS of Oxygen, Acetylene, Carbonic Acid, Ammoniac, Anhydrous sulphurous gases, Carbide of Calcium, Motor Cycle acetylene tanks, and all necessary equipment for low and high pressure autogenous welding.

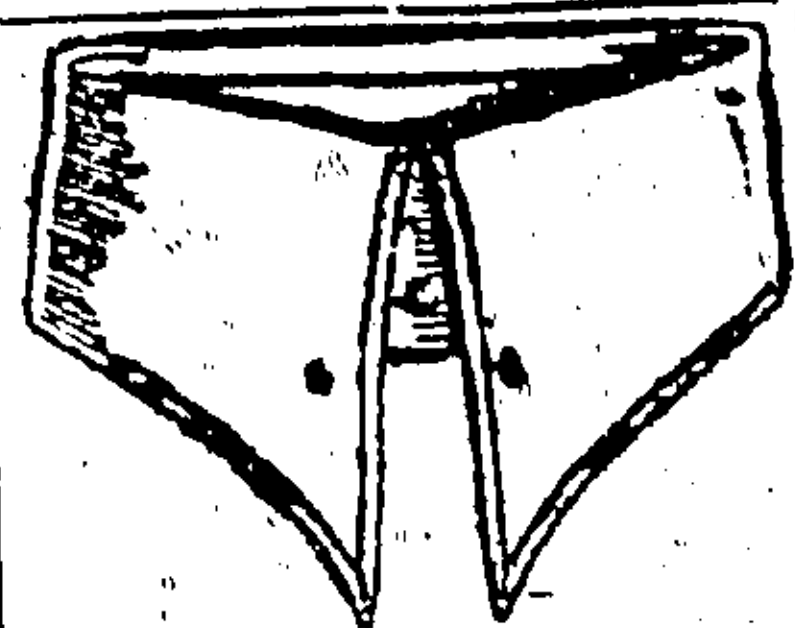
Autogenous welding of all metal by Oxy-Acetylenic and Electric processes.

Boiler Repairs a speciality.

Apply No. 20, Des Vaux Road Central, 2nd Floor.
Tel. Central No. 2344.

Prompt refilling at moderate prices of all kinds of Motor Cycle acetylene tanks.

Summit COLLARS Soft-dressed



Shapes 66 and 96 (as illustrated) give the greatest comfort and are deservedly the most popular of all Soft Collar shapes.

Stocked in half sizes, 14 to 18 inches.

MADE BY AUSTIN REED, LTD., LONDON FOR

Mackintosh & CO., LTD.

MEN'S WEAR SPECIALISTS.

Manhattan Building, Des Vaux Road.

Shape 66 in plain Summit cloth with or without eyelet holes for safety pin.

Shape 96 same shape as 66 but made of a fine white Pique cloth with eyelet holes.

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

The Well-known Publishers, Booksellers, and Stationers,

THE COMMERCIAL PRESS, LTD.

Have REMOVED to More Spacious Offices
From HOLLYWOOD ROAD to

37, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

Phone No. Central 1631.

YEE SANG FAT CO.

ECONOMY SALE

NOW ON.

Rush for Your Share.

Free! Free!! DOLLS

Will be given away to All will purchase
of Our Merchandise—Two Dollars upwards.

CORRECT

In Style, Fit and Quality.

THE FLORSHEIM SHOE

Reasonably Priced at

THE WING ON CO., LTD.

The Home of Value.

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT CO., LTD.

Best Portland Cement

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,

GENERAL MANAGERS,
HONGKONG.

LABOUR LEADER ON STRIKES.

ORDERS FOR THE IRON AND STEEL TRADE FROM JAPAN.

The fifth annual dinner of the London Iron and Steel Exchange was held on January 29th at the Trocadero Restaurant. Mr. E. J. Skelton presided.

Sir Peter Rylands, proposing "The London Iron and Steel Exchange," referred to the depreciation in the Continental exchanges, and its possible effect upon British industry. Manufacturers, he said, desired to be most sympathetic with those who wished for the extension from Germany of the largest possible reparations. But British steelmakers had the uneasy feeling that those reparations would be paid in steel billets, rods, sections, girders, and things of that description, extremely desirable, no doubt, to those who handled such products, but which would largely increase the volume of the steel manufacturers' discontent. So they were torn between the desire to alleviate the burdens of the British taxpayer and the desire that that alleviation should not be exclusively at their expense.

Their association with such men as Mr. John Hodge, certainly did not make them feel that their flesh was coming with the advent of a Labour Administration. The Labour Government would be judged by their work, not by oratory at the street corners. They believed the Government were actuated with a sincere desire for the welfare of the country and the Empire. They might make mistakes, but he hoped they would be given a chance and if they could make good he was not going to begrudge them the credit they might enjoy. (Cheers.)

The Chairman, in reply, said he was not a pessimist in regard to the future of the trade. There had been an exceptional demand for this sheet destined for Japan to provide housing and roofing for the people who had suffered owing to the earthquake. There was an unusual rush of orders from merchants, and also from speculators, and it was a nice gesture on the part of the people organized in the thin steel sheet trade that they refused to be tempted to increase prices, and by way of sympathy with Japan and to abate the ardour of the speculators, they reduced prices by 3s. per ton.

Mr. John Hodge, replying to the toast of "The Visitors," referred to the Labour Government, and said that responsibility should be placed on Mr. MacDonald, in the speech which he made at the Albert Hall, demonstrated that he was only going to take one step at a time. "Generally speaking," Mr. Hodge continued, "you people are afraid of Socialism. But you are the people who are preparing the ground for it. The great combines that are being formed in this and other countries are simply the evolutionary process. Once steel and iron works and tinplate works are all in one combine, it will be so easy to socialize it." (Laughter.) One remarkable feature of the Labour Government setting into power, he continued, was that "people had been reconciled to it. Even the chairmen of our great banking combinations had been blessing it. He did not know why, unless it was because War Stock had increased in value since the Labour Government came into power." (Laughter.)

He was no believer in strikes and lock-outs. He was glad that the steel and iron and auxiliary trades had solved the problem, for if war between nations was bad, industrial war was equally bad. Pacifism as between nations was good, but we wanted pacifism as between workers and their employers.

GOLD MINING IN E. SIBERIA

An article by A. P. Sviridoff upon the present status of gold mining in Eastern Siberia has been published in the *Engineering and Mining Journal Press of America*, in which the following details are given—

Gold mining in Eastern Siberia, and particularly in the Amur and Maritime provinces, had always been of interest to the local Russians and the Russian Government since the region was occupied by Russians. Mining was started in 1888 on the ground of the Vassilievsky (Basil mine), belonging to the Verkh Amursky Co. These enterprises played an important role, and resulted in the establishment of such cities as Blagoveshchensk, Zeya, and the increased growth of Khabarovsk and Nikolayevsk (on the Amur). Statistical data, covering the period from the beginning of the work in the Vassilievsky mine to 1909, were compiled from geological examinations and prospecting work and published by the All-Zemstvo Organisation. The gold reserves in the Amur and Maritime provinces, according to these data, were approximately estimated at 27,000 pounds (14,800,000 ozs.). Compared with the yearly gold production of the Russian Empire from 1904 to 1913, of 2,120 pounds (116,527 ozs.), the gold production of the Amur and Maritime provinces at the same rate of annual production and on the basis of the foregoing gold reserves would last for about 120 years.

The estimate of gold reserves does not include the gold in quartz veins, which formerly received scant attention. During the last decade several gold-quartz deposits of importance were discovered. Some proved to be exceptionally rich, as, for example, the Golden Mountain, where the gold content in the quartz veins reached 40 ozs. per ton.

The Soviet Government has renounced the communistic policy which had caused the practical abandonment of these enterprises, and the Siberian output can again be expected to figure not inconsiderably in the gold production of the world.

SYDNEY HARBOUR BRIDGE

Many firms have submitted tenders for the Sydney Harbour Bridge, the official estimate of the cost of which is put at £6,000,000. It is stated that one firm spent £40,000 in preparing its tender.

ROUND UP OF SOCIALISTS IN JAPAN'S CAPITAL.

ALLEGED AS AIMING AT SOVIET RULE.

Tokyo, February 10th.

Some nine months ago the police of Tokyo made an extensive round-up of Socialists in the capital on the suspicion that they were implicated in a communistic plot against the State. Twenty-nine persons were held under arrest for some time, being afterwards released on bail, but the result of the preliminary examination into the affair has only just been concluded, with the result that these Socialists have been committed for trial early in April.

According to the statement issued by the Preliminary Court these men aimed at the establishment of Soviet rule in Japan by the abolition of capitalism and the transfer of all political and economic power to the proletariat.

The details of the plot, which the authorities claim to have unearthed by their inspection of seized documents and the examination of the accused, show that a secret Communistic Society was organized in December, 1922, as a branch of the International Communists, that very careful efforts were made to spread, and at the same time to protect, their principles throughout the country, and that such success attended their early efforts that in March, 1923, one of their members was sent to Russia to exchange views with the Soviet authorities.

The first suspicion of the police were aroused in Waseda University. A domiciliary search of the residences of the leaders in the trouble took place when certain correspondence between one of the professors of the University and certain Russian communists was discovered. Further documents were later seized in the house of a certain minister who in an unguarded moment had given expression to his political views in the hearing of a police officer, and these led to the arrest of the accused, as well as to the flight from the country of their leaders, who had previously been notified that their plot had become known.

It appears, according to the report of the affair published by one paper, that these men had planned a complete Government strictly along Soviet lines, and definitely fixed the personnel of the new "Government," by assigning to each of the leaders some portfolio of importance.

This report says that the plot was revealed to the police by one of the original conspirators, who succeeded after having been accused of embezzling part of the money received from Russia to promote their campaign. The total amount they got from Russia for this purpose is alleged to have been Yen 70,000.

The police, the report goes on, experienced considerable difficulty in deciphering many of the confiscated documents, which happened to be in code and contained many "watch-words."

So much so, that insufficient evidence is forthcoming to enable a charge of crime against the State to be preferred, and the men are now to be tried because they attempted to form a secret party. —*Reuter.*

THE NEW COLONEL OF THE 1ST EAST SURREYS.

A Home paper gives the following resume of the new Colonel's career:—

Lieutenant-Colonel F. S. Montagu-Bates, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., East Surrey Regiment, just posted to the 1st Battalion in Hongkong, from command of the Depot Companies, Kingston, was commissioned in the regiment from a trooper in Lumsden's Corps in August, 1900, after five months in the ranks. His services in that campaign embraced the operations in Orange Free State and the Transvaal (Queen's Medal with four clasps). After the war he served with the South African Constabulary, 1902-06, was employed with the Canadian Forces, 1909-12, and was adjutant of the 6th Territorial Battalion of the East Surreys when the Great War opened. At the front, in succession he was adjutant of the 2nd West Surreys and adjutant of the 2nd Royal Warwick, commanded the 2nd East Surreys, commanded the 12th Cheshires, and subsequently commanded brigades in the Egyptian Expedition and the Salonika Force. His services extended over France, Belgium, Egypt, Greek Macedonia, European Turkey, Bulgaria, Serbia, Islands of the Aegean Sea, Russia, etc. He was mentioned six times in despatches, promoted brevet lieutenant-colonel, and received the following decorations:—1914 star with clasp, C.B., C.M.G., D.S.O., British War Medal, British Victory Medal, Legion of Honour, French War Cross, and Order of the Redeemer.

SASHES FOR TERRITORIALS.

Warrant officers and non-commissioned officers not below the rank of sergeant in the infantry regiments of the Territorial Army (except rifle regiments) are to be permitted to wear sashes with service dress uniform on ceremonial parades, on barrack duties, and when walking out. If the greatest is worn on such occasions the sash will be worn over it. Sashes are worn over the right shoulder, except in the case of the Somerset Light Infantry, in which regiment they are worn over the left shoulder.

In a letter to President Coolidge, Edward Clarke, formerly "Imperial Giant" and "Imperial Wizard" of Ku-Klux-Klan, describes the organisation, which he helped to found, as a sort of "Frankenstein monster" and as "a real menace to law and order, individual rights and liberties, and democratic political government."

NOW IN THE PRESS.

THE DIRECTORY AND CHRONICLE 1924.

FOR CHINA, JAPAN, KOREA, INDO-CHINA, SIAM, STRAITS SETTLEMENTS, MALAY STATES, NETHERLANDS INDIA, PHILIPPINES, BORNEO, Etc.

SIXTY-SECOND ANNUAL ISSUE

Price \$12

Abridged Edition \$5

THE DIRECTORY covers the notable events, ports and cities of the Far East, from Netherland India to Siberia, in which Europeans reside.

Not only is the Directory as full and complete in each case as it can be made, but each Colony, Port or Settlement is prefaced by a DESCRIPTION, carefully revised each year, most of which will serve as an accurate GUIDE FOR THE TOURIST, giving every detail in connection with the places, their History, Topography, etc.

The Information in these Descriptions, consisting of a hundred interesting articles, packed with facts concisely set out, and containing statistics of the TRADE of each Country and port, would alone suffice to fill a large volume.

The Book is printed from New Type specially reserved for the purpose, and uniformity is every arrangement greatly facilitates reference.

Besides the usual Alphabetical List of Firms the Directory gives the CLASSIFIED LISTS of TRADES and PROFESSIONS at the larger Commercial Centres.

The ALPHABETICAL LIST of RESIDENTS in the Far East contains the names of over

20,000 FOREIGNERS,

arranged, with the Initials as well as the Surnames, in strictly Alphabetical Order, so that any name can be found instantly.

THE MAPS AND PLANS

of the principal ports of the Far East have been engraved by one of the most eminent Firms in Great Britain and are annually corrected and brought up to date.

THE CHRONICLE covers the notable events together with the Texts of all the most important Treaties concluded with the countries of Eastern Asia, the various Customs Tariffs, Trade Regulations, Chambers of Commerce, Scales of Commissions, Consular and Court Fees, Hongkong Stamps Duties, Signal Codes, Chinese Festivals, Tables of Money, Weights and Measures and other Commercial Information.

It is published at the Office of the "HONGKONG DAILY PRESS."

The Directories and Descriptions are of—

CHINA.		
Peking	Soochow	Canton
Tientsin	Chinkiang	Kowloon
Foehai	Nanking	Lappa
Shanghai	Wuhu	Shanghai
Taku	Kwangtung	Kowloon
Amoy	Hankow	Nanking
Manchuria	Yochow	Wuchow
Trade Office	Shanghai	K'au-chow
Neuchang	Ichang	Fukien
Dairen	Chungking	Hohow
Port Arthur	Hankow	Lungchow
Chaoow	Ningpo	Mongow
Wellsow	Wenchow	Hokow
Tientsin	Santow	Szechow
Shanghai	Foochow	Tongchow
Harbin	Amoy	Changchow
Swatow	Kirin	Humow
Lungchow		

JAPAN & FORMOSA.

Tokyo	Moji	Kobe
Yokohama	Nagasaki	Tokyo
Kobe	Hakodate	Takow
Shimonoseki	Kyoto	Amoy
Osaka	Tamatsi	

KAPITIEN SIBERIA.

Chosen (Korea).	Mokpo
Wonsan	Changampo
Fusan	Songjin
Pungyo	

HONGKONG AND ITS DEPENDENCIES, MALACCA.

Hanoi	Quinhon	Beigon
Haiphong	Annam	Cambodge
Tonkin	Hue	Chien
Provinces	Tourane	

MALACCA.

Malacca	Batavia	Labuan
Batavia	Batavia	Sandakan
British North Borneo		

MALAY STATES.

Perak	Selangor	Pahang
Negeri Sembilan	Johore	Kedah
Kelantan	Trengganu	Perlis

BRITISH AND AMERICAN SQUADRONS IN CHINA AND JAPAN.

OFFICERS OF COAST & RIVER STEAMERS.

INTIMATIONS

INSTITUTION OF ENGINEERS AND SHIPBUILDERS. ANNUAL BALL.

3 BROOCHES found in CITY HALL, on FRIDAY, 10th FEBRUARY, are still unclaimed. Owners can have same on application at the Institute between the Hours of 6 P.M. and 7 P.M. [448]

1st PUBLIC RECITAL.

MASTER EMIL DANENBERG (Age 6 Years)
Assisted by Mrs. D. R. BROWN and Professor DANENBERG.

St. ANDREW'S HALL (CITY HALL)

MARCH 11th, 5.30 P.M.

Under the Patronage of LADY STUBBS.

Tickets—ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

\$2. \$1. [398]

HONGKONG HORTICULTURAL SOCIETY.

THE ANNUAL SHOW

will be held on
THE VOLUNTEER PARADE GROUND

on
THURSDAY, 6th MARCH.

3 P.M. to 7 P.M.

ADMISSION—\$1 (Children Half Price)

Lady Rose Davies will present the Prizes at 5.30 P.M. Military Band will play during the Afternoon and Tea supplied by CAFE WISEMAN will be obtainable at 50 cents. [435]

THE HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

THE Owners of a.s. "HONAM" invite SEALED TENDERS for the purchase of this Vessel, either for Breaking up purposes or running. Tenders must be subject to the Conditions of Sale which may be inspected at the Company's Office or at the Office of the Company's Solicitors, Messrs. DRAOON, HARRIS & SHERRIN, Hongkong. The Company does not bind itself to accept the Highest or any Tender. By Order of the Board of Directors, JOHN ARNOLD, Secretary. Hongkong, 19th February, 1924. [385]

THEATRE ROYAL HONGKONG.

Under the Patronage and Presence of
H.E. THE GOVERNOR and LADY STUBBS.

GRAND ORCHESTRAL CONCERT.

The Full Band of the 1st East Surrey Regiment (30 performers) in a Choice Selection of Light Classical Compositions.

Also: PROFESSOR GONZALEZ;
Mr. E. G. DAQUINO.

MARCH 13th, 9.15 P.M.

BOOKING ANDERSON MUSIC CO., LTD.

\$3, \$2 and \$1 [389]

WANTED.

SMALL ROOM in Central District, suitable for an Office. Apply Box No. 429, The Hongkong Daily Press. [429]

WANTED.

CHINESE DRAUGHTSMAN, with Good Architectural or Mechanical Experience; Also TRAVER, for the LIAO RIVER CONSERVANCY, NEWCHANG. Applications to be sent to the ENGINEER-IN-CHIEF, Works Department, Customs Maritime Customs, Shanghai. [439]

TO LET.

No. 2, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL, the Premises at present occupied by The "PHARMACY." Apply to—CHINA & JAPAN TELEPHONE & ELECTRIC CO., LTD. [444]

TO LET.

FURNISHED. For Term to be Agreed "CARNDONAGH" 403, SEVERN ROAD, PEAK. Newly Built. Furnished throughout by LANE, CHILWORTH, LTD. Fresh Sanitation. Facing N., E. and S. F. C. JENKIN, Barrister, PRINCE'S BUILDING. [403]

TO LET.

MODERN, Five-Roomed FURNISHED BUNGALOW on PEAK for Six to Seven Months, from 1st April. Apply S. HAMPTON ROSS, PRATT SMITH, BETH & FLEMING. [342]

TO-DAY'S FLOWER SHOW.

A SPLENDID DISPLAY.

To-day the Hongkong Horticultural Society are holding their annual show of flowers and vegetables on the Hongkong Volunteer Parade Ground. The weather this year has not been at all favourable to intending exhibitors. Lack of sun and the dense fogs on the Peak have had a rather disheartening effect upon the blooms, but, all things considered, an extraordinarily good display is assured, though the number of exhibits will not be as large as usual. What is to be an exhibition, however, will be "quite as good as previous years" to quote the words of the energetic Hon. Secretary Mr. E. R. C. Hornell, with whom our representative had a chat yesterday.

The arrangements for the show are excellent, the general lay out of the stalls in the large and commodious matchless being carried out with an eye to convenience and prevention of congested traffic. The drill hall of Volunteer Headquarters is to be used for the display of cut flowers, a feature which last year was not shown to the best advantage. This year the tables will be so arranged that the beautiful displays of blooms can be admired for effect as a whole. The distribution of prizes will take place in the Hall, Lady Lees-Davies making the presentation.

Perhaps the best exhibits in the show this year are to be found amongst the carnations, and it would not be surprising if the adjudicators award the challenge cup to an exhibit in this class.

The exhibits from the Peak have been badly affected by the fog and many show blight. This is particularly noticeable amongst the begonias, though there is one very fine exhibit of this particular variety. Pansies, good under the circumstances, also show the effects of the weather. But perhaps the best exhibit from the Peak is the primulas, they look as good as anything on exhibition. Peak arums are also good.

The show will be open to the public from 2 p.m. to 7 p.m. Adjudication takes place in the morning.

SALVING THE "HEUNGSHAN."

VESSEL EXPECTED IN PORT WITHIN A WEEK.

We are informed on good authority that salvage work in connection with the s.s. *Heungshan* is proceeding satisfactorily and it is hoped that the ship will be brought back to Hongkong within a week. The damage is not as serious as was thought likely.

LORRY DRIVERS' EXCITING MORNING.

VEHICLE KILLS ONE CHILD AND INJURES THREE MEN.

MANSLAUGHTER CHARGE.

The driver of a lorry belonging to the Kung Yick poultry depot experienced an exciting morning on Tuesday. Whilst driving along the praya at Kennedy Town, his vehicle ran into a cargo coolie, who was badly injured. The driver stopped in order to take the coolie to hospital, and was then, it is stated, set upon by other coolies, who continued to assault the driver until police arrived on the scene. The lorry then proceeded, with the injured man on it. Just as it was turning a corner on Pokfulam Road, it again ran into some people, killing a boy aged seven and badly wounding two men. The two men were put inside with the injured coolie and all three driven to the hospital, the body of the dead child being taken to the mortuary.

DRIVER CHARGED WITH MANSLAUGHTER.

At the Magistracy, yesterday morning, the driver Kong Tong, was charged with the manslaughter of the child, Sin Wong. Inspector Kent asked for a remand. His Worship (Mr. J. R. Wood) remanded the defendant to Monday morning, granting bail of \$500.

DRUG CONFISCATED.

Mr. J. R. Wood at the Magistracy, yesterday morning, ordered the confiscation of the 50 lbs of morphine which was discovered by Revenue Officer Ward concealed in eight cases of gramophone spare parts in the Kowloon godowns.

R.O. Ward, who made the application, said that the cases were landed from the German steamer *Odenburg* which arrived recently from Rotterdam. The cases were marked O/501 Hongkong, from which it was obvious that the goods were intended for Hongkong.

The value of the confiscated drug is \$20,000.

BOARD OF EDUCATION.

ACTING DIRECTOR ON EDUCATIONAL IDEALS.

Mr. G. N. Orme presided at a meeting of the Board of Education held in the Sanitary Board Room yesterday afternoon. Present were: Mr. E. Ralphs (Inspector of English Schools), Mr. A. R. Cavalier (Inspector of Vernacular Schools), Mr. S. W. Tso, LL.D., Mr. A. F. R. Silva Netto, Dr. A. D. Hickling, M.B.E., Mr. N. T. Mackintosh, M.A., Mr. V. Rumjahn, Dr. Wan Man Kak, Mr. B. Wyllie, Mr. M. E. F. Airey, Rev. Fr. H. Valtorta, Capt. A. E. Watts, and Mr. G. P. de Martin (Secretary).

Mr. Orme said: As it is my first meeting with the Board which has done so much in the last few years, and with the members who have been good enough to give their advice and assistance to the Government in educational matters, I think it is right that I should say a few words, by way of an introduction, on the situation and prospects of education here to-day. Education has been very much discussed in recent years, here as elsewhere, which is not surprising, for education in its largest aspect, is life itself. Our own concern is with that part which deals with the education of youth at the most impressionable period of its life. We must all remember that the processes we have to apply are something which cannot be bought with money and cannot be tested at their finality by examinations. The real education we have to give is not the mere acquisition of knowledge, but the kneading of that knowledge into the entire conduct of our lives. In education, as in other things, we can only receive what we give.

The task of the pupil, as well as that of the teacher, continued Mr. Orme, was rendered harder in Hongkong than in many other places by reason of the many temptations and excitements that abound here. There was a danger that the pupils would find a great number of opportunities of securing pleasures and riches easily. There was also the danger that the teachers would be tempted to abandon their admittedly more difficult paths of life for those offering more easily attained rewards. There was, too, a danger that money, a very doubtful means, would be construed as the real end of life itself.

It was a condition of our success in Hongkong, added Mr. Orme, that we should make school work a pleasure and an inspiration. Above all, we must try to prevent our teaching from being dry. The acting Director then quoted the story of Ezekiel and his visit to the Valley of Bones, and how wind came from the four corners of the earth and put life into the bones. There was, said Mr. Orme, too many dry bones and too little life in the world's education to-day. He believed that life could be infused into the bones of Hongkong's educational activities. It would always be his aim to work for that end. (Applause.)

Mr. E. W. W. on behalf of the parents of British school children in the Colony, thanked Mr. Orme for giving the Board an indication of his views on education.

THE PROPOSED KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL AT QUARRY BAY.

Mr. Wylie then asked: With regard to the proposed Kindergarten School at Quarry Bay, will the Acting Director of Education please inform the Board when he expects (a) the completion of the temporary accommodation, and (b) the completion of the permanent building?

The Acting Director replied: (a) I am given to understand that this will be available for use by the second or third week in April; (b) two sites were successively chosen, but they both proved impracticable. Efforts are being made to acquire a suitable site, and I hope to reply more definitely at the next meeting.

This concluded the business of public interest.

LEAP YEAR BIRTHDAYS.

A correspondent writes to the *N.C. Daily News* asking: What is the orthodox legal ruling for calculating the age of persons born on February 29th, viz., Leap day in Leap years?

Of course, he says, we all know the crucial point in "The Pirates of Penzance," but the authoritative decision solving the difficulty is what is sought for.

The Encyclopedia Britannica, in this case, "baldly" states, under "majority," "A person attains his majority at 18 o'clock at night of the day preceding his twenty-first birthday."

It might not be *mal à propos* to record that this phraseology is a popular blunder of grossest nature. Most men are born on their first birthday, and attain majority on eve of their twenty-second!

Upon putting the question straight to a leading lawyer here the natural reply that "February 28th was treated as first birthday" was given. Inquirer asked that authority should be quoted. Counsel pulled down hoary tomes. One giant authority vouchsafed information that "a person born in Leap Year must have lived 366 days before completing his first year."

Then my smiling authority informed me that "Notices of the question would be required, since it probably depended upon Old Roman Law and the bisextile year procedure originally followed."

It is difficult to know where to find a concise authorized ruling, and perhaps some well posted correspondent will enlighten.

SPORT.

TENNIS.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Only two matches were played off on the Club ground yesterday. The one in which H. Krebs and J. Takigawa met in the Open Championship Singles drew a large crowd of spectators. Krebs won by three sets to one after having the upper hand all the way through. He should have won the first set. At one stage in this set he only required one point to give him the set. In attempting to smash a ball which was obviously going out of Court he netted the ball badly. The set then carried on until 10-8 had been called in favour of the Japanese. In the other three sets Krebs had things much his own way but he was inclined to be very erratic at times. The Japanese player was on the slow side and was not much good at the net. He had a good forehand drive, though he found the net a little too often. The final scores were 8-10, 6-3, 6-4, 6-2.

In the Handicap Singles "A," D. S. Green (+3/6) beat W. A. Nowers (+15/1), 6-4, 8-4.

TODAY'S GAMES.

Open Championship Singles.—O. Rumjahn v. E. de Souza, N. Trambitaky v. C. Assumpcao, C. Willson v. R. E. Worthington.

Handicap Doubles.—W. A. Nowers and H. R. Remington (+4/8) v. S. E. and D. S. Green (-4/0).

BILLIARDS.

HO KAM TONG CUPS.

The annual Billiard Handicap for the above cups valued at \$300 will be held at the Palace Hotel commencing 1st April. Entries will close on the 25th inst. Mr. Ho Kam Tong, whose interest in Billiards is well known, has kindly presented the above amount to be expended in cups, the prizes will be a cup valued at \$175 as first prize and two other cups valued respectively at \$75 and \$50 as second and third prizes. A committee from different clubs, messes and both Services will be asked to Handicap.

Entrance fees will be \$3 and this will go to Local Charities. The Billiard table at the Palace Hotel is well known as one of the best in the Colony and entrants are sure of a pleasant game. The last handicap for the above cups was won by our local champion, Mr. Osmond, from 300 behind scratch.

CRICKET.

KOWLOON 2ND XI. v. EASMA CLUB.

The following have been selected to play against The Easma Club at King's Park on Saturday at 2.15 p.m.:—H. Orery (capt.), A. O. Brawn, E. J. Edwards, A. J. Kew, W. L. Weaver, A. R. F. Raven, O. B. Raven, D. S. Green, E. Savage, T. C. Long and S. Jex. Reserve: W. A. Summers.

UNIVERSITY v. I.R.C.

The following will represent the University 1st XI. in a League match against the I.R.C. 1st XI. on the latter's ground on Saturday, at 2.15 p.m.:—A. A. Rumjahn (capt.), H. N. Balhetchet, E. K. Quick, M. H. Boffey, R. A. Ponsonby Fane, A. S. Hett, W. M. Gittins, T. O. Yeow, D. Laing, S. Hachiuma and B. P. Ng.

GOLF.

CAPTAIN'S CUP COMPETITION AT FANLING.

The Captain's Cup competition, played at Fanling on 1st and 2nd March, was won by C. C. Stark, 84-7=77, who qualifies for the Captain's Cup.

The winner of the pool was F. G. Walker, 87-9=88.

TO JACKO.

WHOSE THYROID GLAND I HAVE ABANDONED.

[Lecturing on "Monkey Gland Treatment," Professor Winnifred Cullis emphasised the fact that it did not result in an increase in longevity, but in enabling the human powers to be utilised right up to the last.]

Ah, Jacko, in those happy days, when o'er the country-side
You gaily sported with your friends or wooed your bashful bride,
How little did it cross your mind, so frolicsome and free,
That there would come a dreadful day when you would die for me!

How brutal were your kidnappers, that stony-hearted band
Who tore you from your native haunts and culled your thyroid gland
I hoped—ah, how I hoped!—that when your life had sped away
Your ghost would know you'd rescued me from premature decay.

I thought you died to make my scalp produce its pristine crop,
To cause my teeth to grow again, my gouty pains to stop;
To swell the number of my days beyond the allotted span;
In short, to turn a patriarch into a bright young man.

I thought your death meant this to me, which, when you came to know,
You (or your ghost) would cheerfully rejoice that it was so.
But now Professor Cullis's remarks fair beat the band!
I shall not live one day the more, although I've pinched your gland.

Oh, pardon, Jacko, pardon what may seem to you to be
The waste of your young life for what has hardly bettered me.
And yet her final statement gives us grounds for better cheer:
Think! To the last I shall enjoy my baccy and my beer!

A. W. H.

THE NEW GOLF COURSE AT SHANGHAI.

The Golf writer in the *N.C. Daily News* offers a comparison of the new golf course at Shanghai with other courses well known in the Far East. With a Bogey score of 78, he says, it will come nearest of all to Fanling, at Hongkong, but it is futile to hope that any course at Shanghai will ever be able to offer the same variety as that one. The new links of the Shanghai Golf Club will not be so very short of Fanling when it comes to length and according to the present proposal will be only one less in Bogey.

YACHTING.

AN INTERPORT SUGGESTION.

Shanghai Yacht Club are building some one-design boats and a writer in the *N.C. Daily News* says:—Yarning about these boats led to another discussion as to the possibilities of an Interport yachting contest with Hongkong and it was the general opinion that, with Interport engagements so popular as they are just now, it was a pity that yachting should be about the only sport left out. There was a suggestion when the establishment of a one-design class was approved that, as Hongkong also has a fleet of one-design boats, it might be possible to sail them against each other. It is difficult to give a definite opinion until Shanghai's boats have been tried for a season and in any case there would have to be a handicap to bring the two classes level, which would not be very satisfactory. There would be the further trouble of shipping the visiting boats, which would mean that they would have to be dismantled and rigged afresh twice, on arrival at the port where the race was to be sailed and again on returning to home waters, and this and the carriage would be very expensive.

However, one enthusiast was ready with a suggestion, to the effect that teams of skippers might be interchanged, Hongkong men to sail half their fleet and Shanghai men the other half, and then the same in Shanghai. He is familiar with both waters and admitted that it was almost certain that each team would win in its own port on the first two or three occasions, but that, as they became more familiar with the conditions, the event would be more open. The big Hongkong club would have no difficulty in getting together a very strong team, and though Shanghai would have fewer men to call upon, nevertheless, if it were convenient for, say, half a dozen of its best skippers to make the journey—headed, of course, by the Commodore—Hongkong would not have matters all its own way. It would be a still better match if there were only one or two boats a side, manned only by Corinthian crews.

THE CORONET THEATRE.

All the world loves a thrill—certainly all the cinema world. This fact alone ensures the success of the notable film now showing at the Coronet Theatre, for "The Third Alarm" contains one of the most thrilling exploits ever screened. Even this high praise, however, does not do full justice to the picture because the interest does not depend on daring only. There are the sombre note of dread, the charming thread of love, and the strong vein of humour all interwoven into the story to give it something more than suspense, something more than breathless excitement—to give it, in a word, powerful human appeal.

As the title indicates, "The Third Alarm" deals with fire. It reveals in a vivid, dramatic way just what perils and hardships the fireman must undergo in the every day pursuit of his hazardous calling. It shows his devotion to duty and his splendid fortitude. This does not mean though that it is a propaganda film. Far from it. "The Third Alarm" is essentially the greatest fire epic—indeed the only fire epic—of the screen, with an engrossing narrative and a wonderful climax.

PERFUMERY.

RIMMEL'S FAMOUS PERFUMES:

DOUBLE EXTRACT OF RUSSIAN VIOLETS.
THE GUARDS PERFUME (EAU DE COLOGNE).
TREBLE EXTRACT OF CARNATIONS.
VIOLETTES DE PAMA.
RAPSDIE ORIENTALE
CHYPRE.
KWEI-HWA (A CHINESE PERFUME).

MORNY'S FRAGRANT EXTRACTS:

JUNE ROSES.
SERENADE.
NOCTURNE.

ZENOBIA PARFUM:

LILY OF THE VALLEY.
PARFUM CONCENTRE.
CARNETA.
TREEK-A-TRIQUE.
CELESTIA.
SWEET PEA BLOSSOM.
EXTRAIT AUX VIOLETTE.

LANE, CRAWFORD, LTD.

EST. 1850

TEL. 4567.

COLD CREAM YND FACE CREAM

Daggett & Ramsall's perfect Cold Cream
Pond's Cold Cream
Parke, Davis Cold Cream
Parola Cold Cream (Theatrical)

Houbigant's En Beauté Face Cream
Hind's Honey & Almond Cream
Legrand's Secret Jolly & Rosee Juvenile
Pond's Vanishing Cream
Yardley's Face Cream
Ven-Yua Toilet Cream
Suzanne's Face Cream
Sullivan's Freckle Cream & Cream Simon

THE CHINA DISPENSARY

53, QUEEN'S ROAD C.

EAST OF CENTRAL MARKET.



ENGLISH COLUMBIA RECORDS

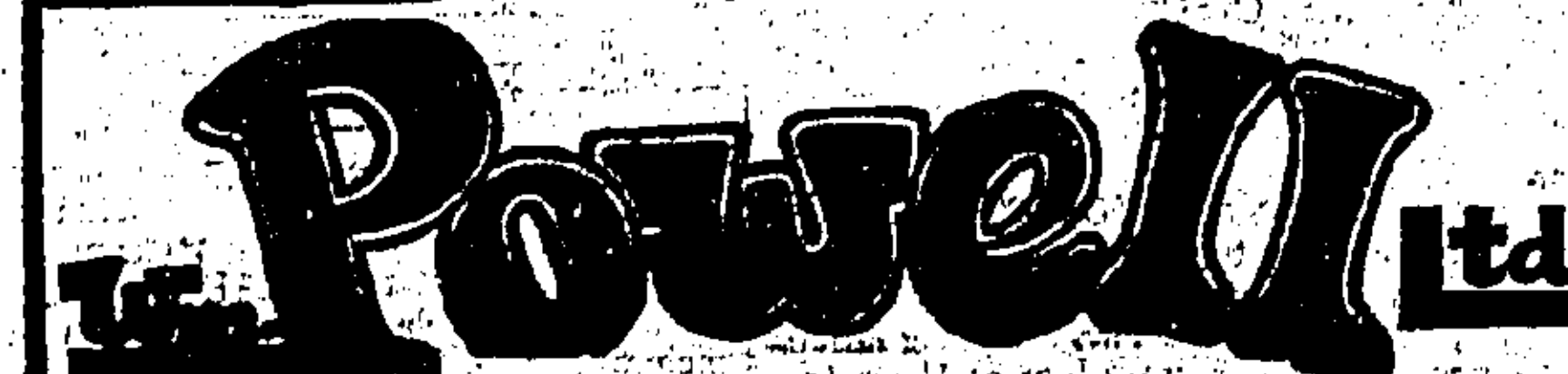
D1378 MOTHER MACHREE (O'BRIEN TROOP)
WITHIN THE GARDEN OF MY HEART

D1403 THE TWO GRENADIERS (BATES BARBTONS)
CHOBUS, GENTLEMEN

D1417 FATHER O'FLYNN (ALLAN BARR)
ROCKED IN THE CRADLE OF THE DEEP

D1437 THE MIGHTY DEEP
THE STORM FIEND





TELEPHONE C. 4578.

PURE

IRISH LINENS

Hemstitched Sheets. Single and double bed.
Pillow cases to match.

"MARPLE"

SHEETS AND SHEETINGS

Pillow cases, Plain, Hemstitched, Frilled.

DAMASK TABLECLOTHS

In a variety of designs.

NAPKINS TO MATCH

WHITE QUILTS

Embroidered Bedspreads.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the THIRTY-NINTH ANNUAL ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company (since its registration) will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 15th MARCH, 1924, at 11 A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers, together with a Statement of Accounts for the Year ended 31st October, 1923.

The REGISTER OF SHARES of the Company will be CLOSED from Tuesday, the 11th day of March, to Monday, the 17th day of March, both days inclusive, during which period No Transfer of Shares can be registered.

JOHN D. HUMPHREYS & SON,
General Managers.
Hongkong, 5th March, 1924. [466]

THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS of THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI HOTELS, LTD., will be held at the Hongkong Hotel, Pender Street, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 23rd MARCH, 1924, at 11.30 o'clock A.M., for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the Board of Directors for the Year ended the 31st December, 1923, confirming the appointment of the Directors, and re-appointing a Director and the Auditors.

By Order of the Board,
PERCY H. SUCKLING,
Secretary.
Hongkong, 5th March, 1924. [460]

BILLIARDS.

HO KAM TONG CUPS.

PALACE HOTEL.

ENTRIES for the Annual Billiard Handicap, HO KAM TONG CUPS valued at \$300 will close on

22nd MARCH, 1924.

1st Prize Cup valued at \$175.00
2nd " " " " 75.00
3rd " " " " 50.00

Entrance Fees \$3.00 to go to Local Charities.
Intending Competitors will kindly send in their Names with Entrance Fees to—
PROPRIETOR,
PALACE HOTEL. [467]

FOR SALE.

1922 WOLSELEY 16.9 H.P. Touring, Soft Starter, Completely Equipped, Recently overhauled, Splendid Condition. 2,000 Miles. Owner leaving Colony. Apply Box No. 480, c/o Daily Press Office. [480]

RICKMERS LINE.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM ANTWERP.

THE Steamship

"HANSA"

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk and expense.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before Noon, To-day.
All broken, chafed, and damaged goods and to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on 11th inst., at 10 A.M.
All claims must be presented within fifteen days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 12th inst., will be subject to rent.

Consignees of cargo are hereby notified that they must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports & Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading can be counter-signed.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by NAAMLOOS VERVOORDE.

CARL BODIKER & CO.'S

HAMBURG-AMERICA LINE (LTD.).

Agents, Rickmers Linie.

Hongkong, 5th March, 1924. [459]

STRUTHERS & BARRY.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

From SAN FRANCISCO & LOS ANGELES via PORTS.

THE Steamship

"WEST CAJOOT"

having arrived from the above-mentioned ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby notified that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, and stored at Consignees' risk.

Consignees of Cargo must produce an Import Permit signed by the Superintendent of Imports & Exports, Hongkong, before Bills of Lading will be counter-signed or Delivery Orders issued.

All broken, chafed and damaged goods are to be left in the Godown where it will be examined at 10 A.M., Monday, 10th March, 1924, by Messrs. ANDERSON & ASH, Marine Surveyors.

No Claims must be presented within 10 days of the steamer's arrival here, after which they cannot be recognised.

No Claims will be recognised after the goods have left the Godown, and cargo undelivered after 11th March, 1924, will be subject to rent.

No Fire Insurance whatever will be effected.
Consignees are requested to send in their Bills of Lading in exchange for Delivery Orders immediately.

STRUTHERS & BARRY,

Agents.

U.S.S.B. Emergency Fleet Corp.

Hongkong, 5th March, 1924. [451]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

LOST.

A LADY'S GOLD WRIST WATCH, also A LADY'S GOLD RING, set with one Diamond and Two Pearls. Reward on returning to—
J. F. MILLER,
c/o Messrs. BRADLEY & CO.,
Princes' Buildings.
[458]

NOTICE.

WE have This Day admitted Mr. ATHELSTAN HOLT WHITE A Partner in our Firm
DOUGLAS LAFRAIK & CO.
Hongkong, March 1st, 1924. [452]

NOTICE.

WE have REMOVED Our Offices from the Astra House to CHINA BUILDING (Old Post Office), Third Floor.
A. GÖRKE & CO.
[453]

NOTICE.

THE HONGKONG AND WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Office of the Company, 2, QUEEN'S BUILDINGS, HONGKONG, on THURSDAY, the 20th MARCH, 1924, at Noon, for consideration of the Directors' Report and Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1923.
The SHARE REGISTER and TRANSFER BOOKS will be CLOSED from the 8th to the 20th March, 1924 (both days inclusive).
By Order of the Board of Directors,
R. M. DYER,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, 4th March, 1924. [448]

UNION WATERBOAT CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE NINETEENTH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held in the Office of Messrs. DODWELL & CO., LTD., on THURSDAY, the 6th MARCH, 1924, at 11 A.M., for the purpose of receiving the Report of the General Managers together with a Statement of Accounts to 31st December, 1923.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 22nd February, to 6th March, 1924, both days inclusive.
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
General Managers.
[579]

HONGKONG ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.

NOTICE OF CALL.

ISSUE OF 25,000 SHARES OF THE NOMINAL VALUE OF \$10 EACH (\$7.50 PAID UP).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Final Call of \$2.50 per Share on each of the 25,000 Shares allotted on the 5th day of November, 1922, has been made by the Company, and that such Call will be payable to the Company's Bankers, THE HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, in Hongkong, on the 15th day of MARCH, 1924.
The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 8th to 15th March, both days inclusive.
For and on behalf of the
HONGKONG ENGINEERING AND CONSTRUCTION CO., LTD.
S. COURTNEY COOK,
Secretary.
Dated the 22nd day of February, 1924. [415]

HONGKONG JOCKEY CLUB.

NOTICE.

IN Future All Race Meetings held after the "Annual Race Meeting" will be known as "EXTRA RACE MEETINGS" and will be Official.
Griffins having run at one of these Meetings will not be eligible to run at such an subsequent Extra Meeting or Annual Meeting unless the conditions of a Race specifically provide therefor.

By Order,

C. B. BROWN,
Secretary.

[432]

MAISON Francaise Papier Peint Chereche

Agent Importateur exclusif pour ce pays, adresse aux references M. WEYER, 8, R. Richelieu, PARIS.

[453]

HONGKONG DOG & CAT SHOW, 1924.

By kind permission of the Officer Commanding the Hongkong Defence Corps, a Show will be held on the PARADE GROUND on SATURDAY, 15th MARCH, at 2 P.M.
There will be classes for all kinds of Dogs including cross Breeds and Puppies, also Litters of Puppies.
If sufficient entries are received there will be classes for Cats also.

Entry forms may be had from the undersigned.
Entries Close on TUESDAY, 11th INST., at 5 P.M. and intending competitors are notified that owing to the trouble in compiling the catalogue no entries can possibly be accepted after that date.

B. L. FROST,

Hon. Secretary & Treasurer.

c/o THE E. E. TELEGRAPH CO.

[454]

REUTERS, LIMITED.

(COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL SERVICES)

HAVE REMOVED TO

PRINCES' BUILDINGS

(3rd Floor)

ICE HOUSE STREET.

TELEPH. CENTRAL 472.

[457]

INTIMATIONS

JOSEPH CROSFIELD & SONS, LTD.

WE have This Day Taken over the CHEMICAL AGENCY of Messrs. JOSEPH CROSFIELD & SONS, LTD., from Messrs. HOLYOAK, MASSEY & CO., LTD., BRUNNER, MOND & CO. (CHINA) LIMITED.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1924. [441]

JOSEPH CROSFIELD & SONS, LTD.

WE have This Day Transferred the CHEMICAL AGENCY of Messrs. JOSEPH CROSFIELD & SONS, LTD., to Messrs. BRUNNER, MOND & CO. (CHINA), LTD.
HOLYOAK, MASSEY & CO., LTD.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1924. [442]

ANNOUNCEMENT.

MESSRS. HOLYOAK MASSEY & CO., LTD., have This Day been appointed SOLE AGENTS for Hongkong and South China for the Sale of Our Patented Enamels, PAINTS, VARNISHES, etc.
PARIFAN, LIMITED,
Sherwood House, Piccadilly Circus, London.
Makers by appointment to His Majesty The King.
R. FAIRLIE HOBSON,
Overseas Director.
[451]

G. R.

PUBLIC AUCTION.

PARTICULARS AND CONDITIONS of the Sale by Public Auction to be held on MONDAY, the 10th day of March, 1924, at 3 p.m., at the Office of the Public Works Department, by Order of His Excellency THE GOVERNOR, of Two Lots of CROWN LAND at Ho Man Tin in the Colony of Hongkong, for a term of 75 years, with the option of renewal at a Crown Rent to be fixed by the Surveyor of His Majesty THE KING, for one further term of 75 years.

PARTICULARS OF THE LOTS.

Rec'd Sale	Registry No.	Locality.	Boundary Measurements.				Contents in square feet.	Actual Estate.
			x.	s.	t.	w.		
			feet.	feet.	feet.	feet.		
Section 1141st Lot No. 1220.		Ho Man Tin					About	0
Section 1141st Lot No. 1221.		Do.					117,180	22
As per sale plan.								
		Do.					80,750	22

CABLES.

LATEST CABLES.
[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

ABOLITION OF THE CALIPHATE.

A DISASTER TO CIVILISATION.

London, March 4th.

The Rt. Hon. Syed Ameer Ali, a member of the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, interviewed in London, said he was of the opinion that the abolition of the Caliphate would prove a disaster to Islam and civilisation, and would especially create revolution and disorder in the ranks of unadvanced Moslem communities, on account of the universal belief that through the Caliph they were in spiritual touch with their prophet.

EARLIER CABLES.

DEBATE IN THE TURKISH ASSEMBLY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 4th.

On the occasion of the fateful debate on the Caliphate, crowds surrounded the Assembly, which was packed. A speech by Mustafa Kemal dwelling on the necessity for purging religion of political influences and unifying the system of education, whilst purifying the judiciary, was acclaimed, except by the clerical conservative minority, who raised a slight opposition and suggested that the Caliphate be vested in the President or the Assembly, but this proposal was rejected.

EVEN THE LADIES MUST GO.

Then the Assembly approved, without discussion, the Bill suppressing the commissariats of Pious Foundations and of Religious Affairs and the chief of the general staff after which a Bill abolishing the Caliphate was voted integrally after a lively debate, in which Mustafa Kemal's proposal to exempt the ladies of the Caliph's family from expulsion was rejected.

HAREM GREATLY DISTURBED.

It is reported that the Caliph intends to proceed to Egypt. The ladies of the harem are greatly disturbed, the principal wife is prostrated with grief, and the chief eunuch has refused food for three days.

A Delhi message says the news of developments at Ankara came as a bombshell to a representative gathering of Moslems who were entertaining the Turkish red crescent delegation. Advices from other Moslem centres in India indicate the disturbed state of Moslem feeling over the abolition of the Caliphate.

THE DEPOSITION DECREE.

CONSTANTINOPLE, March 4th.

At two o'clock this morning the Wali of Constantinople and the Director-General of Public Security, accompanied by police, proceeded to the Dolma Bache palace, where they ordered the Caliph to rest himself upon his throne. The decree ordering his deposition was then read after which the Caliph was ordered to descend from his throne and make arrangements for his immediate departure.

An hour later, accompanied by two of his wives and his son, he was motored to Chatalpa, on the frontier, where a special train awaited his departure.

EMPIRE'S OIL RESOURCES.

SARAWAK FIELDS MUST BE PROTECTED.

London, March 4th.

Presiding at a lecture by the Hon. T. G. Cochrane, at the Society of Arts, on the oilfields of Sarawak, Lord Bearsted pointed out that the Sarawak field was only 600 miles from Singapore, and the development of the field had a very important bearing on the Singapore base.

The question of the protection of Sarawak was most important, because it was inconceivable that we could ever allow that wonderful field to fall into enemy hands.

A PLEA FOR PRIVATE DEVELOPMENT.

Lord Bearsted protested most strongly against any attempt by the Government to develop oil in the British Empire. He was dismayed to see an association of Australian and British Governments for the purpose of developing oil in Papua and New Guinea. Hundreds of thousands of pounds sterling had been spent without result. The future of the British Empire rested on the efforts and ability of individuals.

EARLIER CABLES.

SEARCH FOR OIL LANDS.

BRITISH NORTH BORNEO CONCESSION.

London, March 4th.

The report of the British Borneo Petroleum Syndicate states that the Dacey Exploration Company, which is an offshoot of the Anglo-Persian Co., has decided to exercise its option on a concession of rights in British North Borneo. The report draws attention to the fact that the Exploration Company under the agreement must pay the syndicate two hundred and fifty thousand pound shares in a company to be formed with a capital of £750,000 on taking up the land, but states that it does not propose to proceed with the transfer of the land pending the result of geological work.

LATEST CABLES.

SILVER COINAGE FOR GERMANY.

FIVE MARKS PER HEAD OF POPULATION.

BERLIN, March 4th.

It has been decided that a silver coinage up to five marks per head of the population will be issued, representing an additional 300,000,000 gold marks if the whole of the amount be issued.

It is stated that the Reichsbank possesses sufficient silver for the purpose.

MINIMUM WAGE FOR WORKERS.

MOTION CARRIED IN HOUSE OF COMMONS.

London, March 4th.

In the House of Commons, a private member's motion was carried without division affirming that a minimum living wage for all workers should be a first charge on industry, and calling a special commission of enquiry.

EARLIER CABLES.

MUNICH TREASON TRIAL.

SERIOUS CHARGES LEVELLED AT PROSECUTION.

Munich, March 4th.

On the resumption of the treason trial, counsel for the defence asserted that the witnesses, even the Public Prosecutor, had been influenced by Von Losow and Seisser circulating pamphlets stating their own case. He also declared that Von Kahn, Von Losow, and Seisser made a statement jointly to the examining judge after reading the statements of the other witnesses. Von Losow's statement was also distributed to all the military witnesses.

The court then decided to exclude the public, including the representatives of the Reichswehr and Ministry during the examination of officers of the infantry school, in view of the fact that many questions with regard to concealed arms were to be asked.

EMPIRE SUGAR PRODUCTION

TWENTY-TWO PER CENT OF WORLD'S SUPPLY.

London, March 4th.

In the House of Commons, replying to questions, Mr. Sidney Webb stated that there were no official statistics available, but those compiled by a New York firm showed the sugar production outside the British Empire in 1923-1924 was estimated at 14,867 thousand tons, or 78 decimal eight of the world's production.

DESTITUTE SEAMEN.

LEGISLATION FOR REPATRIATION NECESSARY.

London, March 4th.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Sidney Webb stated that legislation would probably be necessary to deal comprehensively with the question of repatriation of destitute seamen who were natives of British tropical dependencies. The matter was being considered, and he would gladly confer with Mr. Thomas (Secretary for the Colonies) on the subject and try to expedite the matter, but it was impossible to hold out any hope of legislation this session.

RUSSIAN REPARATION CLAIMS.

SOVIET PREPARATIONS FOR NEGOTIATIONS.

RIGA, March 4th.

A Moscow message says the public have again been invited to submit claims in respect of the losses caused by the operations of the "White" Russian armies, with a view to presenting them shortly, when the Soviet starts negotiations with the other nations as regards reparations.

TEMPORARY BELGIAN MINISTRY.

LABOUR PARTY SUGGESTION.

BRUSSELS, March 4th.

The general council of the Labour Party has passed a resolution in favour of the formation of a Cabinet by the majority which overthrew the Theunis Ministry, being of opinion that pending the election a transition Government should be formed to take measures for the recovery of the franc and put an end to the dearth of living, and terminate the military occupation of the Ruhr.

GERMAN DYESTUFFS.

FRANCE TO OBTAIN BIG SUPPLY.

PARIS, March 4th.

The Senate has adopted a Bill approving an agreement with the Badische Anilin und Soda Fabrik, whereby France hopes to obtain a hundred thousand tons of dyestuffs annually. The Badische Anilin Co. will give France all the required assistance in preparation of the dyestuffs which will be carried out in the powder factory at Toulouse.

NO CHANGE IN BETTING LAWS.

LONDON, March 4th.

In the House of Commons, replying to questions, Mr. Snowden stated that the Government had carefully considered the report of the Betting Committee of last November, and after reviewing the whole question had concluded that it would be against public interest to make the changes in the law which would be involved.

SWARAJIST POWER.

YAGPUR, March 4th.

The Swarajists threw out all the Government measures in the Central Provinces Legislative Council to-day.

MARITIME CABLES.

PIQUANT POLITICAL SITUATION.

CANDIDATES LOOKING FOR NEW LABELS.

LONDON, March 4th.

It was announced to-day that Mr. Churchill has decided to stand for the Abbey division of Westminster as an Independent. This makes a piquant situation, as Mr. Otto Nicholson, the Mayor of Finsbury and a nephew of the late member, is the official Conservative candidate, and Lieut.-Colonel George Parkinson, a well-known builder, is standing as an Independent Democratic candidate.

The Conservative is already in the field, and the Liberal, Mr. Scott Duckers, has been threatening to stand if Mr. Churchill will be a candidate, while Mr. Havelock Wilson is considering candidature as "a sane trade unionist."

Lieut.-Colonel Parkinson has withdrawn his candidature for the seat, and will support Mr. Churchill.

BRITISH AIR FORCE.

ADEQUATE MEASURES FOR DEFENCE.

LONDON, March 4th.

The House of Lords has passed without a division, but against the Government's advice, a motion by Lord Londonderry laying stress on the necessity for maintaining a home defence Air Force sufficiently strong adequately to protect the country against attacks by the strongest air force within striking distance.

General Lord Thomson and Lord Haldane, for the Government, deprecated the motion as likely unfavourably to affect the Government's foreign policy, but General Thompson assured the House that the Government was continuing its predecessor's scheme for expanding its air defences, and though it was ready to take advantage of any disarmament conference decisions, the policy of the country until general disarmament became possible should be to make such preparations as would show the world that Britain did not mean to be caught napping, but the Government's policy was to prepare for peace.

LATEST CABLES (REUTER'S AMERICAN SERVICE).

U.S. IMMIGRATION REGULATIONS.

EXAMINATION OF SECOND-CLASS PASSENGERS.

NEW YORK, March 4th.

At a meeting this afternoon with representatives of the passenger conference lines, the Commissioner of Immigration agreed that second-class passengers would in future be examined in the first-class cabins instead of at Ellis Island.

The Commission also modified the hours of inspection for first-class passengers, but declined to agree to inspection of vessels arriving at appreciable time after sunset.

EARLIER CABLES.

CENTRAL AMERICAN EARTHQUAKES.

SERIOUS SHOCKS CAUSE MUCH DAMAGE.

SAN JUAN DEL SUR, Nicaragua, March 4th.

Three earthquake shocks were felt here this morning.

A telegram from San Jose, Costa Rica, says an earthquake destroyed many buildings, and there are a number of casualties. Part of the American Legation has been destroyed, but the Minister and his family escaped uninjured.

U.S. SHIPPING BOARD.

A SWEEPING INVESTIGATION AUTHORIZED.

WASHINGTON, March 4th.

The House of Representatives has authorized a sweeping investigation of the United States Shipping Board. A special committee will conduct the enquiry.

OIL SCANDAL INQUIRY.

WASHINGTON, March 4th.

Mr. Burns and Mrs. Duckstein, mentioned on March 3rd, gave evidence before the Oil Committee. Mrs. Duckstein said the messages were carried in transmission and Mr. Burns said they were merely intended to suggest that Mr. McLeary should resign his position of special agent to the Department of Justice at one dollar a year, because his continuance might embarrass Mr. Daugherty.

HOSTILITIES IN MEXICO.

MEXICO CITY, March 4th.

The War Department announced that organized resistance in the northern Vera Cruz petroleum region has ended. General Gutierrez, commanding the Federal troops in that area, reports that the Federal forces have occupied all the oil companies' terminals from Barragalingo to Puerto Jobos and Tamiagua.

U.S. AND GERMAN SHIPS.

WASHINGTON, March 4th.

Three articles in the pending commercial treaty with Germany, providing for reciprocal treatment of ships, will be eliminated under a decision reached by the Senate foreign relations committee.

NEW AMBASSADOR APPOINTED.

WASHINGTON, March 4th.

President Coolidge has nominated Mr. Joseph Grew to be Under-Secretary of State in succession to Mr. Phillips, who has been appointed Ambassador at Brussels.

OUR LONDON LETTER.

SUGGESTED "WOMEN'S PARTY" IN THE NEW PARLIAMENT.

REFLECTIONS ON THE FRENCH RUHR ADVENTURE.

[FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.]

LONDON, January 17th.

THE RUHR ANNIVERSARY.

This week sees the anniversary of the French occupation of the Ruhr, and, as might be expected, a good deal of comment appears in the Press here about this subject. It is significant that the "Hats off to France" party appear to have overlooked the interesting occasion; anyhow, they are discreetly silent. The fact is stressed, and I think quite rightly, that Mr. Bonar Law's solemn warning to the French to keep out of the Ruhr adventure because by going there they would not get what they expected, has proved to be fully justified. They have been pursuing a shadow, and in doing so have lost even the amount of substance that they had. The delivery of coal and coke by way of Reparations is the "acid test," as Mr. Wilson would say; and, no matter how skillfully the matter may be camouflaged, the solid, concrete facts of the French occupation of the Ruhr, and the receiving during the past twelve months less than half of what they received before the occupation.

The British view that this is what would inevitably happen has been, as I have said, amply justified. Not only have our friends across the English Channel failed hopelessly to achieve what they put forth as their object, but they have, by their actions in the Ruhr, made the situation there and in the rest of Europe also definitely worse. France is suffering from the folly of the Poincare policy in her financial position, as is seen just now by the new fall in the value of the franc, and the desperate efforts that are being made in Paris to avert a calamity similar to that which occurred in Germany in respect of the mark.

The opinion of level-headed people in this country may be summed up in a sentence by saying, as I hear it said, and the more responsible section of the Press assert without a qualifying word, "There can be no final peace in Europe until the French are out of the Ruhr." But the French are not out yet by a long way; indeed, they have no intention of going in the immediate future, and this is the thing that matters and makes the outlook in 1924 fraught with danger.

GILBERT AND SULLIVAN.

We are to have another Gilbert and Sullivan Opera season this year in London, beginning at the Prince's Theatre on February 14th, and continuing until the end of May. "Iolanthe" will be given as the opening play. Gilbert and Sullivan devotees are much interested and pleased—that the second play to be "put on" will be "Ruddigore," the opera which proved almost a dismal failure when it was first produced in the late 'eighties. But the enormous success it achieved when it was revived last year confounded the critics, and the point that will be keenly watched is whether this favourable public judgment will now be confirmed. Apart from that, the Gilbert and Sullivan season is sure to prove successful financially, and at the same time provide pure delight to theatre-goers.

WOMEN IN PARLIAMENT.

There are signs and tokens that the women M.P.s intend to work together in the House of Commons in respect of the political party labels. They will owe allegiance as a matter of course to the party management—Conservative, Liberal or Labour—but they appear to take the view that their paramount duty is to the nation—that is to say, it is their duty to act together on questions of national importance which chiefly affect education, home life, child welfare, and so forth. As things are under the party system, which expects individual Members to vote as required by the party Whips, it remains to be seen whether and to what extent the women will be able to exert an influence on legislation.

I hear it said as quite on the cards that we shall have a "women's party" in Parliament, which some regard as a consummation to be dreaded. But I rather think this is looking far ahead. Although it is true that some of the women M.P.s are vastly enthusiastic and dream of putting the world right in double quick time, they will soon learn, as many wise people have done before now, that the legislative machine is ponderously heavy and slow. There is no short cut to the New Jerusalem.

Meanwhile, the fact is to be noted that the National Union of Societies for Equal Citizenship, which is the most influential combination among feminine movements in the country, has completed arrangements for a great conference to be held in the near future at Church House, Westminster. All the women Members of Parliament as well as many of the defeated candidates at the General Election, prospective candidates, and others, are to be present, the sole purpose of the gathering being to get more women into the House of Commons without regard to party ties. This shows, to some extent at least, in what quarter the wind is setting.

AIRSHIPS AND INDIA.

No better illustration of the truth of the statement that a change of Government means the disorganisation of all sorts of plans can be quoted than the present uncertainty in politics. I learn this week that the big scheme for the establishment of an airship service between this country and India has been hung up because of the possibility of a change of Government.

In the last Parliament there was something in the nature of provisional sanction to an airship service to the East, and, as a matter of fact, a Bill has been drafted for the purpose, as Parliamentary sanction is necessary. The Air Ministry intended, pending the passage of legislation, to infuse one of the giant airships now housed at Pulham and proceed with trial trips to collect technical data; but this has also been postponed. The whole

scheme is hung up indefinitely till the next Cabinet has the time or the inclination to consider it.

THE KING'S SPEECH.

The King opened the Houses of Parliament in State, driving from Buckingham Palace to Westminster with all the time-honoured ceremony, which is so picturesque that it never fails to capture the public. The interest taken in the political drama now beginning is deeper than at any time during recent years. If we are to trust what we are told by the pundits, the coming session will be the most momentous of our political history; and it was partly because of this belief that the suggestion was made that the King's Speech from the Throne should be broadcast.

The proposal was, however, rejected for several reasons, and, all things considered, the decision is a wise one. Wireless enthusiasts argued that it would be a fine departure if King George were to address his subjects all over the country at the opening of Parliament as well as the faithful Commons. But, as everyone knows, the King's Speech is not the considered opinion of the Sovereign himself, but the elaborate concoction of the Cabinet.

In the circumstances of the present time it would have been undesirable, to say the least, to associate the King in an intimate and personal way with the customary Speech from the Throne. This is what is said in an address not only to the Lords and Commons, but also to the country; by wireless. Possibly the same objection would not prevail—at any rate to the same degree—if the political future were less uncertain. The feeling in the most responsible quarters about this matter is that if and when the King speaks to the people and his speech is broadcast it ought to be on some big question outside the domain of political party controversy. This seems sound doctrine, for the King is the Father of his People, and knows no party.

THE LOST SUBMARINE.

The loss of the submarine L24 off Portland is a sharp reminder of the risks attaching to this branch of the Naval service. Officers and men aboard all kinds of above-water craft accept the dangers of navigation and weather as they come; but the crews of the submarines know that it means certain death to them if any serious accident suddenly befalls them. The L24 was, it appears from the preliminary Naval inquiry, struck off by H.M.S. Revolution, a ship of 25,000 tons, and the chance of rescuing those on board was indeed slender for the fragile craft went down in 30 fathoms.

Lieut. J. G. Watkinson, one of the officers of L24, was for some time on the China Station, and it is being recalled that he confided to his intimates that he enjoyed every moment of his life in the East. He was one of the gallant band of young public school boys who entered the Navy during the war although over the age-limit for midshipmen. After four months at Dartmouth he was passed into the Grand Fleet, and saw service in the North Sea. Afterwards he was an officer on the "Queen Elizabeth." At the time the L24 was sunk he was undergoing a course of training in the submarine branch of the service, as he chose that because other branches were too slow in the matter of promotion. He was looking forward to sailing for China again at an early date.

PROPOSED LABOUR CLUB.

I hear that the idea of a Labour Club in London is coming to the front again. The proposal is by no means new, but all previous efforts to make a venture of this kind a success have been in vain because the necessary money could not be found. This difficulty still exists, of course, but the question has been forced to the front as a result of the prospect of a Labour Government.

For some time past a large number of members of the Labour Party have belonged to the National Liberal Club, and have used that sumptuous caravansary to a considerable extent. It is being said, however, on both the Liberal and Labour side that objections have been raised in the respective parties to the continuance of the friendly arrangement. It is thought that with a Labour Government in power and the Liberal Party in opposition the possibility—or even probability—of friction arising in the Club is not remote. It is easy to see that there are occasions when it would be difficult to preserve the amenities of club life. Anyway, a determined attempt will now be made to obtain a London home for the Labour Party during the course of the next few months.

PALATIAL FLATS.

The fact that some of the noble mansions that comprise Carlton House-terrace are being transformed into flats is one of the most significant proofs of changing social conditions. Carlton House-terrace has for years been the most exclusive quarter in London of the very wealthy aristocracy, but here, as elsewhere in fashionable London, the owners are giving up their town houses as a consequence of the pressure of high taxation, and also because there is far less entertaining on the grand scale than formerly.

Among the present tenants in Carlton House-terrace are the Marquis Curzon, Foreign Minister; Lady Curzon, of Cunard steamship fame; Sir John Leigh, who made a fortune out of cotton and was latterly the owner of the Pall Mall Gazette until the paper was purchased by Lord Beaverbrook; Lord Cowdray, of the great firm of Pearson & Sons, who constructed the Panama Canal and other colossal works; Major J. J. Astor, who has a controlling interest in "The Times"; and the German Embassy.

There is no danger, however, of Carlton House-terrace losing its social position as a place of residence, for the rental of the flats in three mansions that are being converted will range from £1,000 to £2,000 per annum, with premiums payable by incoming tenants of from £1,000 to £2,000.

(Continued at foot of next column.)

FAR EASTERN CABLE NEWS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

TERRIBLE FIRE IN SHANTUNG.

OVER SEVEN HUNDRED CASUALTIES.

SHANGHAI, March 5th.

Three hundred were killed, four hundred injured, two hundred shops and houses destroyed and thousands rendered homeless as the result of a fire at Chout-shan, near Tsinan on February 20th, caused by an overturned lantern.

The fire spread rapidly and many people were roasted alive in their homes. There was a wild panic in the narrow streets scores being trampled under foot. The glare attracted bandits, who robbed the bodies.

Corpses were strewn all over the streets; whilst many of those injured died through lack of attention. The suffering from hunger was intense. Governor Hsiung is organising relief measures. It is estimated that the property loss comes to a million dollars.

RUSSO-CHINESE AFFAIRS.

PEKING, March 4th.

With regard to the reports that Chinese recognition of Russia is impending, it is stated authoritatively this evening that these are entirely premature.

VLADIVOSTOCK ARRESTS.

NO FURTHER DEVELOPMENTS.

LONDON, March 4th.

Russian officials in London have received nothing from Moscow as to any further developments in the Russo-Japanese situation at Vladivostok.

ANGLO-JAPANESE LOAD LINE AGREEMENT.

LONDON, March 4th.

The text has been issued of an Anglo-Japanese agreement for mutual recognition of load line certificates, signed in London on January 21st. It applies to the United Kingdom, India and the Colonies enforcing load line regulations equivalent to those applicable to the United Kingdom, but does not apply to the Dominions, protectorates, or the mandated territories.

[BY COURTESY OF THE "DAILY BULLETIN,"]

GOLD FRANC CONTROVERSY.

PEKING, March 4th.

The Cabinet, this morning, gave much consideration to the lengthy Memorandum which Dr. Wellington Koo submitted pointing out that the gold franc case was not merely a diplomatic question, but involved many other considerations, which are given in detail.

Dr. Wellington Koo, therefore, considered that the Cabinet itself should settle the matter.

During the discussion it was suggested to submit the case to arbitration, but no decision was reached on that and other suggestions owing to the absence of the Finance Minister.

RECOGNITION OF RUSSIA.

PEKING, March 4th.

Mr. C. T. Wang submitted a Memorandum regarding the Sino-Russian negotiations to the President and Foreign Minister for their consideration and decision, but the Cabinet to-day did not give consideration to the matter in any way, and it is not yet decided what course China will take.

As regards reports of the impending Chinese recognition of Russia, it is stated authoritatively this evening that these are entirely untrue.

CHANGING HABITS OF THE ARISTOCRACY.

I have said that the changes going on in Carlton House-terrace are a sign of the times. The same kind of thing is happening in other parts of the West End of London. Wealthy people are now content with a house in the country, and a service flat to Town which can be run by three or four servants. When they want to entertain on a considerable scale, they go to one or other of the big hotels, and this arrangement suits their inclination and their purse, as it enables large economies to be effected. It is scarcely an exaggeration to say that half the great houses in fashionable London are being converted into clubs or turned into flats.—H.B.

CAMMELL LAIRD & Co., Ltd.

Birkenhead, Sheffield, Nottingham, Birmingham
Penistone & London.

PASSENGER CARGO & WAR SHIPS
MARINE ENGINES & BOILERS

CRANK SHAFTS. SHAFTING.

13, PEKING ROAD, SHANGHAI.

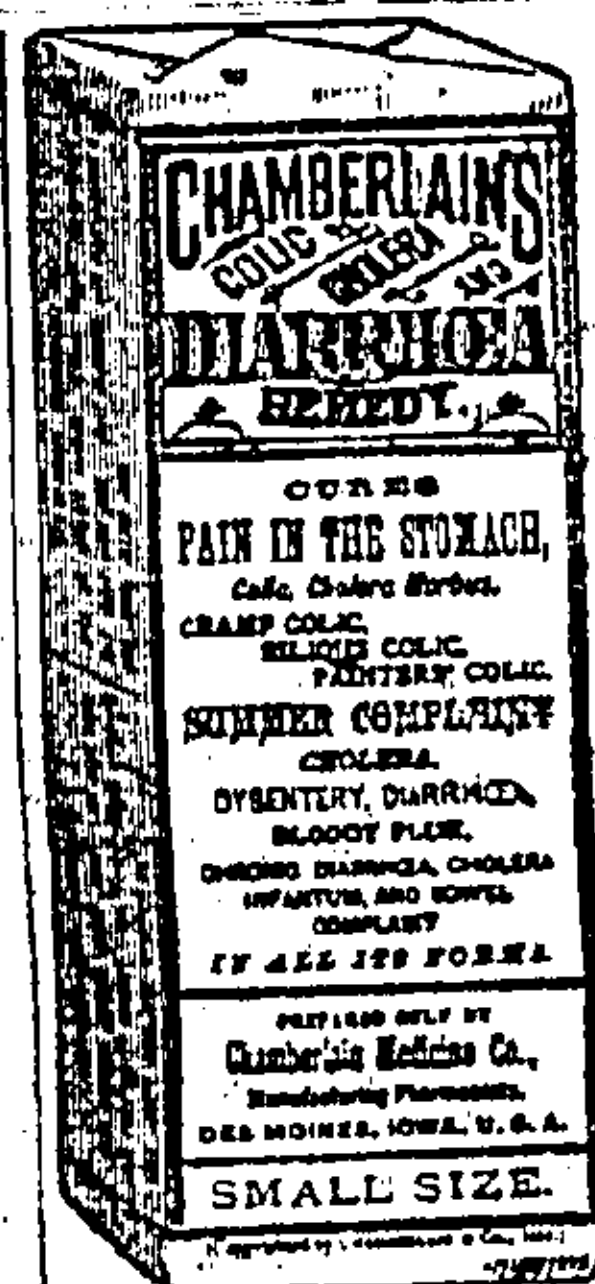
**WAYGOOD-OTIS
LIFTS**

For particulars and quotations apply to

The Sole Agents—**DODWELL & CO., LTD**

MACHINERY DEPARTMENT.

TELEPHONE C. 1030.

**Chamberlain's
Colic and Diarrhoea
Remedy**

Cures

Pains in the Stomach,
Diarrhoea, Dysentery,
Colic and Bowel Complaint

Sold Everywhere

ASAHI BEER

SPECIALLY BREWED FOR EXPORT

DAI NIPPON BREWERY CO.

LIMITED.

TOKYO, JAPAN.

SOLE AGENTS

MIYU BUSSAN KAISHA, LTD.

HONGKONG.

**COLGATE'S**

Cleans teeth
the
right way

**COLGATE'S
RIBBON DENTAL CREAM**



Agents:—**HONGKONG TRADING CO., LTD.**

**BOGUS TELEGRAM TO
A BISHOP.**

LEG PULLING CURATE FINED.

On a charge of aiding, abetting, and counselling Miss Alice Mary Winstone to utter a forged telegram purporting to be written by the then Prime Minister (Mr. Stanley Baldwin) to the Bishop of Sodor and Man, Walter James Karran, an honorary curate of St. Matthew's Church, Douglas, Isle of Man, was at Liverpool Police Court fined £10 and 25 guineas costs.

A charge against Miss Winstone was withdrawn. Mr. Howard Roberts, who prosecuted, said the telegram, drafted while Mr. Karran and Miss Winstone were crossing by steamer from the Isle of Man to Liverpool on December 3rd, read—

Denton Thompson, Bishop's Court, Isle of Man.—Meet me Adelphi three to-morrow afternoon. Most important.—Baldwin.

On receiving the telegram the Bishop postponed an engagement to move a Church Enabling Bill in the Upper Legislative Chamber of the Isle of Man and went to Liverpool. There he found that the telegram was a hoax.

On December 30th Mr. Karran made a statement to the Chief Constable of the Isle of Man, in which he said that the telegram was sent as a joke, adding: "I decided to come and see the Chief Constable after the passing of the Enabling Bill on December 31st as I had heard there was a lot of fuss about it. I swear I never gave the Enabling Bill a thought when I wrote the telegram."

Mr. Chappell, defending Mr. Karran, a middle-aged man who pleaded guilty, called Mr. Mark Karine, formerly a member of the House of Keys, who said that for the last five years Mr. Karran had acted as an unpaid voluntary curate at St. Matthew's Church, Douglas, and had been an efficient worker. He was inclined to take a humorous view of things and to indulge in jokes.

Mr. Chappell said the young woman who was put in Mr. Karran's charge was threatened with sea-sickness, and in order to divert her he attempted to joke.

It was in the minds of some people that the labours of the bishop were to be rewarded by a translation to a see in England and that the bishop would bear such translation with equanimity, and Mr. Karran thought the sending of a telegram might be an amusing "leg pull."

Counsel for Miss Winstone said she was formerly employed at a hotel in Douglas and was now assistant manageress of a cafe in England. She did not remember Mr. Karran referring to the bishop, but gathered from his manner that he was playing a joke on someone.

"I think the reason for sending the telegram given by Mr. Karran's counsel makes the joke a singularly offensive one," commented the stipendiary.

CHARGE OF BIGAMY.

A story of muddled matrimony which inspires reflection on the modern attitude towards marriage has just been investigated by the Assize Court at Châlons-sur-Saône. The case concerned the romance of Comte Ferdinand de Jouffroy d'Abbans, the scion of one of the oldest noble families of Burgundy, who was charged with bigamy, an offence for which an old French law prescribes the punishment of hanging. But in this case neither the accused nor his judges nor the general public seemed to take the matter seriously. The Comte, who was born in San Francisco, where his father held a French diplomatic post, met an English girl, Charlotte Grellin, at Folkestone, early in 1914, and married her at a local registry. This romance was of short duration, for the Comte soon applied through the French courts for divorce. While his suit was still pending he fell in love again, and in 1919 married, in France, Mlle. de Saint Innocent, though his divorce from Charlotte Grellin was not granted until three years later. It was for his three years of bigamy before the divorce was granted that the Comte was now called to account. But he regarded his English marriage as a joke. "After having an aperitif," he told the Court, "we spent three minutes before the registrar, who read half a page from a little book. I then paid him 30 francs and we were married. I thought it was a good joke." It was stated that the Comte's first wife also knew something of the ways of bigamists, since her first "husband" was a bigamist when he married her, and her second became one afterwards. In this connection, and in reply to the Comte's statement that he did not really believe his English marriage binding, the President recalled that the Comte had related on one occasion that during divorce proceedings his first wife told the examining magistrate that in England one could marry thirty times a day, but only on condition that one chose thirty women in thirty different towns. The President also remarked that the Comte, on his return to France, until it leaked out through a secret source, kept his English marriage a secret until it leaked out through a secret source, after which it became a subject of gossip, and the Comte was spoken of as the local Landru. The Comte haughtily answered that he cared nothing for common gossip, but the President reminded him that he appeared in court as a citizen and not as the lord of the Chateau de Sonnant. The Comte apparently took a more serious view of the proceedings when the President of the Court lectured him on the gravity of his offence, and status as a former diplomat. The jury, however, which had throughout the proceedings shown an appreciation of the humorous side of the case, returned a verdict of acquittal.

Religion is caught, not taught.—Dean Inge.

A child should be brought into touch with some masterpiece every day—a picture, a piece of music, a poem, or a piece of good prose literature.—Sir Henry Radclyffe.

**ECZEMA ALL OVER
CHILD'S HEAD**

Could Not Rest. Cried
With Pain. Cuticura Heals.

"My little girl's head broke out with small pimples that broke and formed a wet eczema. The eruptions spread all over her head and the irritation was very great. She could not rest day or night and cried continually with the pain."

"The trouble lasted about a month. We tried several remedies but got no result. We sent for a free sample of Cuticura Soap and Ointment which helped her, so purchased more, which healed her." (Signed) Mrs. Dineot, 8, Chapel St., Spitalfields, London, E. 1, Eng.

Use Cuticura for all skin troubles. Soap 1s. Ointment 1s. 3d. and 2s. 6d. Sold everywhere. Beware of cheap imitations. Cuticura Soap shaves without razor.

BOWERN & CO.,

No. 8, MURPHY ROAD,
SHANGHAI.

Members British Chamber of Commerce (Shanghai), Mr. T. W. BOWERN, Fellow of the Institute of Chartered Shipbrokers, Incorporated by Royal Charter, London.

SOLE AGENTS AND SHIPBROKERS. For the Purchase, Sale and Charter of Vessels of any Tonnage, Passenger and/or Cargo, New and/or Old, with delivery China at Very Low Prices.

SALVAGE OPERATORS, MARINE SURVEYORS, AUCTIONEERS, COAL MERCHANTS, FREIGHT BROKERS, MARINE MERCHANTS, Machinery for Sale, New and Old in First Class Condition.

IMPORTERS AND EXPORTERS, SHARE-BROKERS (Members Shanghai Share-Brokers' Association).

SOLE AGENTS FOR CHINA: GARDNER PATENT ANCHORS, SAMUEL WATNEY & Co., Ltd. (Sheffield), High-Class Steel Manufacturers (Tank Brand).

Catalogues and Price-Lists on application (Enquiries Welcomed)

CABLE ADDRESS: BOWERN, Shanghai.
CODES: Bentley's, Scott's, A.B.C.
5th Edition and Improved.

**Protect your voice**

To improve the voice and protect the throat from infection, pop an occasional Evans' Antiseptic Throat Pastille into your mouth.

A valuable combination of remedies, made to the formula of a specialist of the Liverpool Throat Hospital, Evans' Pastilles are antiseptic and soothing. Obtainable at all chemists.

Sole proprietors: Evans Sons, Lescher & Webb, Ltd., Liverpool and London, England.

EVANS' Pastilles
ANTISEPTIC THROAT
See the raised bar on every Evans' Pastille.



THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY
THERAPION No. 1
THERAPION No. 2
THERAPION No. 3
No. 1 for Rheumatism, No. 2 for Blood & Skin, No. 3 for Chronic Weakness. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS. PRICE 1/6 PER BOX. THE LANCET writes: "THERAPION is a valuable remedy for Rheumatism, Gout, and other conditions." "THERAPION" is of extreme value in the treatment of RHEUMATISM.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Steamship "EGREMONT CASTLE"
FROM NEW YORK.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 3rd March.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 18th inst. will be subject to rent.

All claims against the steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 18th inst., or they will not be recognized. All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 8th inst., at 10 a.m., by our Surveyors, Messrs. GODDARD & DOUGLAS.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by **DODWELL & CO., LTD.**, Agents.
Hongkong, 3rd March, 1924. [440]

SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY

OPERATING ALL LINES IN SOUTH MANCHURIA AND CHOSŬ (KOREA), EAST OF MUKDŬN.

**SUMMER HOLIDAY
RESORTS**

SOUTH MANCHURIA AND CHOSŬ

HOSEIGAUARA.—Finest Seaside Summer Holiday Resort in North China. Five miles from Dairen, but connected with the city by special motor and carriage road and electric tramway. Yamato Hotel (35 rooms) and 15 furnished bungalows in charming cliff garden. Bathing, Boating, Fishing, Golf, Tennis, Billiards, Orchestra twice a week. Capital place for children.

OGONDAI.—Most beautiful and select Seaside Resort in the Far East. Two miles from Port Arthur. Formerly the Summer Resort of the high Russian officers and officials. Yamato Hotel and 20 villas and bungalows, mostly with detached servants' quarters. Excellent bathing, Wonderful Scenery, Historic Battlefields, Ruined and Diamonded Forts Miles to charming Walks and Drives. Abundant Picnicking Facilities. Orchestra twice a week. Best place for high-class families.

PORT ARTHUR.—Famous for its two memorable Sieges and its beautiful landlocks Harbour. Exactly one hour's journey Dairen by express train. Yamato Hotel (16 rooms). Sufficient place of historical and scenic interest to fill a month with a fresh walk or drive every day. Most healthy and salubrious spot in the Far East.

KONGOSAN.—The famous Diamond Mountain of Korea. A special Summer Resort calling Switzerland for climate and scenery. Beautiful peaks and charming cascades. Grand recuperative facilities. Kongosan Hotel (10 rooms) at Onsenri and ChosŬn Hotel (11 rooms) Cho enri.

All under the direct management of the **SOUTH MANCHURIA RAILWAY CO.**
Illustrated Booklets and all Information sent free on request.

Applications may be sent to the Hotel Managers at the various resorts or to
THE SUPERINTENDENT OF HOTELS Traffic Department
Cable: Add. Manchu.
Codes: A.B.C. 5th Ed. A1 & Lichera.

SHIPBUILDERS,
SHIP REPAIRERS,
BOILER MAKERS,
FORGE MASTERS,
OXY-ACETYLENE AND
ELECTRIC WELDERS,
MECHANICAL AND
ELECTRICAL
ENGINEERS.

THE TAKOO DOCKYARD & ENGINEERING COMPANY
OF HONGKONG, LIMITED.

— DRY DOCKS. —

Length 787 Feet.

Length on Blocks 750 Feet.

Dept. on Centre of

SH (H.W.O.S.T.) 34 ft. 6 ins.

— THREE SLIPWAYS. —

Capable of Handling Ships Up

to 3,000 Tons Displacement.

Electric Crane at Sea Wall, Capable of

Lifting 100 Tons at 70 Feet Radius.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.
HONGKONG, CHINA & JAPAN.

TEL. ADDRESS: "TAKOODOCK, HONGKONG."

TELEPHONE No. 212.

CALL FLAG: "O" OVER "ANG. PENANG."

S.S. "DR. PIERRE BENOIT"
SERVICES CONTRACTUELS DES
MESSAGERIES MARITIMES.
NOTICE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo from DUNKIRK, ANTWERP, LONDON, &c., in connection with above Steamer are hereby informed that their goods with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong-Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained immediately after landing.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless intimation is received from the Consignees before Noon, To-day, requesting it to be landed here.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by the Underwriter, Goods remaining undelivered after the 7th instant, at Noon, will be subject to rent and landing charges.

All claims must be sent in to me on or before the 11th instant, or they will not be recognized.

All damaged packages will be examined on Friday, the 7th instant, at 10 a.m., by Messrs. GODDARD & DOUGLAS.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.
R. BODENFUESS, Acting Agent.
Hongkong, 1st March, 1924. [420]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.
OCEAN STEAMSHIP CO., LTD.
AND
CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer "NELFUS" are hereby notified that the Cargo will be discharged into Holt's Wharf, Kowloon, where it will be at Consignees' risk and subject to terms and conditions of storage at Holt's Wharf. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Godown on and after 3rd March.

Optional Cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to Steamer's arrival.

All broken, chafed, and damaged goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on any Tuesday and Fridays between the hours of 10.45 a.m. and Noon, within the free storage period.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 8th March, will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 22nd March, or they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by **BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE**, Agents.
Hongkong, 2nd March, 1924. [437]

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

The Steamship "VENEZIA"

FROM TRIESTE, VENICE, BRINDISI, SPALATO, PORT SAID, MASSAUA, ADEN, COLOMBO, PENANG AND SINGAPORE.

CONSIGNEES of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be forwarded unless notice to the contrary be given before 2nd March.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 8th inst. will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Underwriter on or before the 18th inst., or they will not be recognized. All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 8th inst., at 10 a.m., by our Surveyors, Messrs. GODDARD & DOUGLAS.

No Fire Insurance has been effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by **DODWELL & CO., LTD.**, Agents.
Hongkong, 2nd March, 1924. [433]

THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

COPENHAGEN.

THE M.S. "ASIA"

having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that all Goods are being landed and placed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., at Kowloon, whence and/or from the wharves delivery may be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

No claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 10th of March, 1924, will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined by Messrs. GODDARD & DOUGLAS on the 10th March, 1924, at 10 a.m.

All Claims against the vessel must be presented to the Underwriter before the 15th of March, 1924, or they will not be recognized. No Fire Insurance will be effected. Bills of Lading will be countersigned by **JOHN MANNERS & CO., LTD.**, Agents.
Hongkong, 3rd March, 1924. [436]



CANADIAN NATIONAL RAILWAYS

The New Route Across Canada.

Daily Trains from Vancouver, B.C., for Montreal and New York connecting with all Steamers from the Orient.

Famous Rocky Mountain Scenery. Comfortable Trains. Permit us to send you illustrated booklets and all particulars before making your Home leave plans. Booking arranged on all Steamship Lines.

GENERAL TRAFFIC OFFICES:

Queen's Buildings, Chater Road.

Phone C. 2004.



HUGO STINNES LINIEN

OSTASIEN-FAHRT

PASSENGER SERVICE HONGKONG TO NAPLES

ANTWERP, ROTTERDAM AND HAMBURG
VIA
MANILA, STRAITS, COLOMBO, SUEZ, PORT SAID.

SAILINGS FROM HONGKONG:

S.S. "ALBERT VOGLER" ... on or about the 28th March.
S.S. "CARL LEGEN" ... on or about the 30th April.
S.S. "ADOLF V. BAYER" ...

FARES FROM HONGKONG TO NAPLES: FROM £71-UPWARDS

Only First Class Accommodation Available.

REUTER, BROCKELMANN & CO.

AGENTS

Des Vaux Road Central.

Phone Central No. 478.

KONINKLYKE PAKETVAART MAATSCHAPPY.

(ROYAL PACKET NAVIGATION CO. OF BATAVIA)

THE STRAMSHIP

"VAN CLOON"

will be despatched to

SINGAPORE, PENANG via BELAWAN-DELI DIRECT.
13th March, 1924.

1st Class Fare to Singapore—\$100.

This vessel offers excellent saloon accommodation.
All lower berths. Doctor carried.
English cuisine. Wireless telegraph.

In connection with the Royal Packet Nav. Co.'s (K.P.M.) services to all destinations in the Netherlands East Indies.

For Freight and passage apply to—

JAVA-CHINA-JAPAN-LYN,

Telephone Central No. 1574.

Agents

Y.

K.

K.

Yamashita Steamship & Mining Co., Ltd.

Steamship Owners, Shipping & Marine Insurance Broker.
Coalmine Owners, General Coal Merchant.

REGULAR FREIGHT & PASSENGER SERVICE

KEELUNG, HONGKONG, CANTON & HAIPHONG.
SAILING FROM HONGKONG.

For CANTON

For HAIPHONG via Hoihow & Pakhoi

For KEELUNG via Swatow & Amoy

For further particulars, please apply to—
Branch Office:
No. 37, Bonham Strand, West.
Tel. Central No. 165.

E. MITAHAI, Agent.
Top Floor, King's Building.
Tel. Central No. 140.

TRADE AND LABOUR GOVERNMENT.

SIR E. GEDDES' WARNING.

At the present moment the world trade and the prosperity of this country and its industry are balanced on a knife-edge, and very little may turn the balance either way.

This warning declaration was made by Sir Eric Geddes at the annual meeting of the Federation of British Industries in a presidential speech, in which he referred to the advent of the Labour Government to power.

Principal points in his speech were: "I confidence in British stability. British common sense, and British credit is seriously shaken, and British credit is seriously shaken, and British credit is seriously shaken."

Whatever may be done by the Government of the day to assist the unemployed, so far more serious problem will face any Government which does anything to throw more men out of employment by upsetting the confidence upon which trade flourishes.

There is a distinct tendency towards trade improvement at the present time. The price of raw materials has hardened in the last few months, and this is always one of the first signs of a turn in trade. Freight trade shows a movement in the right direction, and unemployment has slowly been diminishing.

With this situation, one of great delicacy, very little may turn the scale. A hasty or ill-considered administrative act, proposals for legislation, even if irresponsible or not fully responsible, may shake confidence.

CAPITAL GOING ABOARD.

An indirect speech by a prominent member of the Government, or failure on the part of the Government to disavow extremist speeches, may check the recovery of trade and the recovery of confidence.

There is no doubt that the advent of a new party to a position of responsible government, the most advanced party, the most inexperienced party, of which certain extreme members make proposals which shock us, has caused uneasiness.

Capital is going out of the country. If the risks of investment, due to our political situation, are deemed to be too great, people will invest elsewhere. Industry will suffer, employment will suffer, and the purchasing power of the home market will decrease.

I would say to whatever Government is in power that the present position is one of extreme delicacy. Words or actions which in normal times would scarcely ripple the surface of confidence now cause a storm.

This is not a time for personal feeling or party feud; this is not a time for the best intentioned of experiments, or for spending money upon ideas, or for creating a Utopia.

It is a time for careful and cautious statesmanship; for weighing every action and every word, for great courage; but also for great patience. It is a time when confidence should be fostered and stability encouraged.

Declaring the federation to be a non-political organisation, Sir Eric Geddes offered his help, experience, and information in the sphere of industry to any Government that might be in power.

Sir Eric was re-elected president of the federation.

STRIKES AND DAMAGE TO TRADE

SIR ARTHUR BALFOUR'S REVIEW.

Sir Arthur Balfour, the president of the Association of British Chambers of Commerce, speaking on January 30th at a dinner of the Derbyshire Chamber of Commerce at Derby, said they could be thankful that Labour were in power by constitutional means, and he believed that, being in power, they would take a wise, liberal, and necessary education in the matter of Government. We have two safety valves in the Liberal and Conservative parties. The Government, he believed, would try their best to help industry and commerce, and if they did that, then they would get the support of the Associated Chambers of Commerce. There are some things in which they could promise to help them. If they tried to carry out the Capital Levy or nationalisation they should be up against them.

In a reference to export trade, Sir Arthur said that 1923 showed an improvement of thirty million pounds of trade over 1922, and he remarked, "We have done more in the way of producing goods than people think. A serious hindrance to production is that of strikes, and I think it a serious thing, when we have conciliation boards which come to reasonable arrangements, that a section should attempt to upset such arrangements and thus damage not only their own fellow-workers, but many of their own fellow-workers. Any man who throws bricks at our trade at the present time is under-taking a serious responsibility."

Sir Arthur touched on the question of Allied debts, and said we had been more patient than any other country in bearing not only our debts, but the debts of other countries. While we were paying our debt to America, which cost us \$12, on the income-tax, we were also bearing it in the £ income-tax to pay interest on money lent to France and Italy. That was not fair, and it was not reasonable for us to have to continue to bear this for a considerable time. It was up to France to make some effort of payment on account in order to relieve the British taxpayer.

A frank statement by French statesmen, he recognised her debt to us would do something towards stabilising the franc. Sir Arthur added, in conclusion, that the country was in a much better position than it was twelve months ago, and that he thought we should soon be out again into the sunshine.

The sun is the greatest physician in the world.—Sir Herbert Barker.

RUSSO-ASIATIC BANK

CAPITAL (FULLY-PAID) ... 55,000,000
RESERVE FUND ... 25,000,000
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTED BY THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT ... 3,500,000
RESERVE FUND ... 1,750,000

HEAD OFFICE:

Paris 9, Rue Boulevard.
LONDON OFFICE:
64, Old Broad Street, E.C. 2.

BANKERS:

LONDON: Messrs. Glyn, Mills, Currie & Co.
Societe Generale pour l'Industrie et le Commerce de l'Indochine et de l'Inde.
PARIS: Societe Generale pour l'Industrie et le Commerce de l'Indochine et de l'Inde.
Banque de Paris et des Pays-Bas.
LYONS: Societe Generale pour l'Industrie et le Commerce de l'Indochine et de l'Inde.

NEW YORK: The Irving Bank—Columbia Trust Company.
SAN FRANCISCO: The Crocker National Bank of San Francisco.

BRANCHES IN ASIA:

Changhai Hankow Mandchouli Tientsin
Chafu Harbin Newchwang Urumchi
Dairen Hongkong Peking Yokohama
Hailar Kalgan Shanghai

HONGKONG BRANCH:

Interest allowed on Current Accounts and Fixed Deposits. Terms on application. Local Bills discounted.
Foreign Exchange on the Principal Cities of the World bought and sold.
L. BAINES, Manager.

Flashes

of the Past

That is Just What Good Pictures are; They bring the Past back to Life.

Take Pictures To-day; Tomorrow; and Everyday.

A. TACK & Co.,

26, DES VEAUX ROAD,

CENTRAL.

VETARZO BLOOD PURIFIER, HEAD AND NECK TONIC, TONIC FOR THE STOMACH AND LIVER, TONIC FOR THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, TONIC FOR THE BLOOD, TONIC FOR THE SKIN, TONIC FOR THE HAIR, TONIC FOR THE EYES, TONIC FOR THE EARS, TONIC FOR THE NOSE, TONIC FOR THE THROAT, TONIC FOR THE LUNGS, TONIC FOR THE HEART, TONIC FOR THE SPLEEN, TONIC FOR THE PANCREAS, TONIC FOR THE LIVER, TONIC FOR THE GALLBLADDER, TONIC FOR THE STOMACH, TONIC FOR THE INTESTINES, TONIC FOR THE BLADDER, TONIC FOR THE UTERUS, TONIC FOR THE VAGINA, TONIC FOR THE OVARY, TONIC FOR THE TESTIS, TONIC FOR THE PROSTATE, TONIC FOR THE SEMINAL VESICLE, TONIC FOR THE URETHRA, TONIC FOR THE PENIS, TONIC FOR THE CLITORIS, TONIC FOR THE VULVA, TONIC FOR THE PERINEUM, TONIC FOR THE ANUS, TONIC FOR THE RECTUM, TONIC FOR THE SIGMOID COLON, TONIC FOR THE ILEUM, TONIC FOR THE CAECUM, TONIC FOR THE APPENDIX, TONIC FOR THE CECUM, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL VALVE, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POUCH, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULUM, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL HERNIA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ADENOMAS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL DIVERTICULITIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL STENOSIS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL OBSTRUCTION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL INFLAMMATION, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL ABSCESS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL FISTULA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL CARCINOMA, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCECAL POLYPS, TONIC FOR THE ILEOCE

